

WEATHER PREDICTION.  
For Newark and vicinity: Partly  
cloudy tonight and Wednesday.

VOLUME 43—NUMBER 93.

# THE NEWARK ADVOCATE.

NEWARK, OHIO, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 25, 1902.

USE ADVOCATE WANT ADS.  
They Always Bring Satisfactory Re-  
sults. Only 25 cts for 3 lines 3 times.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.

## YACHT

IS SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED  
TODAY.

CEREMONY CONDUCTED WITH-  
OUT HITCH.

PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER, ALICE.

Christened the Meteor—Prince and  
President Present—Day's Pro-  
gram of the Prince.

Shooter's Island, N. Y., Feb. 25.—A  
breathless hush broken by a girlish  
voice raised in words of christening:  
the knocking away of a few stays; the  
flash of a vessel down the ways; the  
blasts of guns and the blare of brass-  
es, the cheers of thousands and Kais-  
er Wilhelm's Meteor III. had begun  
its career, and the ostensible object of  
Prince Henry's visit to the United  
States had been accomplished. The  
fine new yacht took to her water  
berth at 10:39 o'clock this morning  
with swan-like grace and save for un-  
fortunately disagreeable weather, the  
notable event was successful.

At the critical moment the Presi-  
dent's daughter lifted the silver-  
mounted hatchet and struck the rope.  
It parted cleanly and down came the  
weight holding the wedges. The lat-  
ter flew up and out. The yacht trem-  
bled, starting forward and then slid  
slowly down into the water to the  
cheers of the most distinguished gath-  
ering that ever witnessed the launch-  
ing of a ship in this country. She  
took the water safely and brought up  
in the middle of the stream without  
accident.

"In the name of the Emperor of  
Germany, I christen thee Meteor."  
With these words in English, Miss  
Roosevelt swung the bottle against the  
iron piece on the bow of the yacht,  
the bottle fell foaming.

Prince and President stood with  
bare heads as the vessel glided down  
the ways. Cheers and hats flew in the  
air from all parts of the assemblage.

The President and Prince's party  
after a brief visit to the banquet  
room in the moulding shed of the ship  
building works left the island at 11:10.  
They did not partake of luncheon. The  
Prince escorted Miss Roosevelt to the  
ferryboat. She carried a large bou-  
quet of roses which had been present-  
ed to her by the Prince. Before leav-  
ing the island, Prince Henry wrote a  
cablegram to the Emperor informing  
him that the Meteor had been success-  
fully launched. The cablegram was  
written in the German language.

While in the moulding room Prince  
Henry called for cheers for the Presi-  
dent. They were given. Then the  
President asked for cheers for the  
Prince which were given heartily.

A guest called for cheers for Miss  
Roosevelt and again the building  
echoed with resounding buzzes.

### DAY'S PROGRAM.

What Has Been Outlined for Prince  
for the Day.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The following  
is Prince Henry's program for today:  
9 a. m.—Departure of the Prince  
and his suite and the President and his  
party from Jersey City for the ship-  
yards of the Townsend-Darrin Ship-  
building Co. at Shooter's Island.

10:30 a. m.—Launching of the yacht  
of the German Emperor.

1 p. m.—Luncheon on the yacht  
on board the Hohenzollern.

2:30 p. m.—Prince will land at the  
Custom House wharf, Battery Park,  
whence he will go to City Hall and  
a military escort.

4 p. m.—Visit to Mayor Low at City  
Hall and presentation of the program  
of the day.

6:30 p. m.—Dinner of the Mayor  
at New York.

9 p. m.—Gala performance at the  
Metropolitan opera house.

### ARRANGEMENTS

Completed for the Reception at In-  
dianapolis.

Indianapolis, Feb. 25.—Arrange-  
ments are completed for the entertain-  
ment of Prince Henry in this city next  
Sunday night. The Prince will not  
leave his car here. The exercises will  
be in the Union station. Mayor Book-

walter and Addison C. Harris, ex-Min-  
ister to Austria, will ascend to the  
platform of the car and the Mayor  
will be introduced by Herr Polier,  
German Consul at Cincinnati, and  
will then introduce Mr. Harris. The  
Mayor will speak. A souvenir contain-  
ing pictures of representative build-  
ings of the city will be presented.

### ST. LOUIS

Prepared to Give the Prince a Warm  
Welcome.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—Arrangements  
for the reception of Prince Henry in  
St. Louis have been practically com-  
pleted. When the royal visitor ar-  
rives at the Union station on his spe-  
cial train Monday morning, March 1,  
he will be confronted by the handsom-  
est decorations that have ever been  
seen in St. Louis. The grand hall on  
the second floor of the station has  
been selected for the scene of the of-  
ficial reception to the Prince. There on  
the north side, not far from the main  
staircase will be constructed an elevat-  
ed platform measuring 28 by 14 feet.  
On this Mayor Wells will present to  
the distinguished visitor the gold  
silver embossed easel containing the  
parchment of municipal welcome. At  
these ceremonies the party will re-  
enter carriages and drive direct to the  
St. Louis club for breakfast. After  
breakfast the royal party will be driv-  
en through the finest residence section  
of the West End and over the site of  
the World's Fair in Forest park, to  
Forsythe Junction and waiting train,  
which will leave for Chicago at 11  
a. m.

Waite's famous military band will  
play German and American airs at the  
Union station when the royal train ar-  
rives, and at Forsythe Junction when  
it departs for Chicago. There will be  
music in the parade.

### HIGHLY PLEASED

Is the Prince With the Friendly Recep-  
tion Given Him.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Prince Henry  
gave expression last night to his deep  
sense of appreciation of the splendid  
reception accorded him at the Na-  
tional capital. This was done through  
the medium of an official very near  
His Royal Highness, who was asked  
to secure from the Prince his impres-  
sions of the events of the day. The  
Prince communicated to Prince Henry,  
who replied in terms of the warmest  
approval for the many evidences of  
official and popular good will he had  
received since his arrival.

"Prince Henry was particularly im-  
pressed," said the official, "with the  
very sympathetic reception he received  
from President Roosevelt and with  
the frank and open-hearted manner of  
the United States Chief Executive,  
which gave the most genuine assur-  
ance of sincerity and good will. He  
was gratified, too, with the kind recep-  
tion given him by the American pub-  
lic as shown during his drives to the  
White House, to the Embassy and to  
the Capitol. This was but another evi-  
dence of the friendly feeling of the  
American people, which he had al-  
ready observed during his stay in the  
city. I can assure you that it gives  
His Highness genuine pleasure to have  
such a warmth of greeting awaiting  
him, and he reciprocates to the fullest  
extent every expression of good will  
that has been given."

### POPE'S VIEWS EXPRESSED.

Rome, Feb. 25.—Pope Leo received  
Senator Perella, the new minister from  
Costa Rica today. His Holiness took  
occasion to speak of the visit to Amer-  
ica of Prince Henry of Germany, say-  
ing the embrace of the two strong  
young nations will mark the great-  
est event of the new century and will  
be the best guarantee of peace.

### GERMAN PAPERS

Filled With Comments on Prince Hen-  
ry's Welcome.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—The narratives of  
the reception of Prince Henry at New  
York cover one and two pages in to-  
day's issues of the principal German  
newspapers. No foreign event has  
ever been reported in the German press  
with such detail as the welcome of  
New York to the brother of the Emper-  
or. Everybody here is pleased thereat,  
and court circles are especially grati-  
fied by the spontaneous good will man-  
ifested as well as by the great size of  
the organized demonstrations. The of-  
ficial articles on this subject are  
without exception highly  
complimentary.

America is seemingly a rediscovery  
(Continued on page 5)

## FLOOD

IS FEARED AS WATERS ARE  
RISING.

ALREADY MUCH DAMAGE DONE.  
PEOPLE ARE ANXIOUS.

IMMENSE RIVER ICE GORGES.

Breaking Up With Rains Which Have  
Fallen and More Promised Cause  
the Danger.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 25.—"Rain to-  
night and tomorrow. Temperature  
will remain about stationary," is the  
forecast made from the local weather  
bureau at 10 o'clock this morning.

At Morgantown at 9 today the river  
was 13 feet and rising.

This is believed to be the final warn-  
ing that the breaking of the immense  
ice gorges in the Allegheny and Mo-  
nongahela rivers is at hand. The rain  
which commenced to fall in Pittsburg  
at 10 o'clock this morning will prob-  
ably become heavy and this means  
that the rivers will be swollen rapidly.  
A sudden rise will quickly bring about  
the breaking up of the ice gorge,  
which in some places have already  
cracked and begun to loosen. It is  
thought by tonight the ice may be  
bounding down the river on the breast  
of a mighty angry torrent, carrying de-  
struction in its wake. All tributaries  
to the rivers are reported as rising  
steadily and in many places ice and  
gorges have been pushed out into the  
rivers from the smaller streams the  
water backed up, until already in a  
number of places it has reached the  
danger line and continues to rise  
slowly. The general opinion of the Al-  
legheny Valley river men is that a  
general break up will not occur unless  
the river rises at least ten feet above  
the present stage. A flood might be  
precipitated at any moment however,  
by the breaking and piling of a section  
of the heavy ice, forming a dam, and  
this is now feared.

### OHIO RISING.

Heavy Rains and Warmer Weather  
Cause the Ice to Move—Much  
Anxiety Felt.

Huntington, W. Va., Feb. 25.—Heavy  
rains have fallen over southern West  
Virginia. The Ohio and all side  
streams are rising rapidly. The ice  
moved out of the Granddame this  
morning, carrying out a great deal of im-  
mense timber floats with heavy loss  
which anxiety is felt.

### Seven Drown.

New York, Feb. 25.—As a result of  
Saturday's storm, the barge, Mary  
Whitridge, Capt. Beacon of Boston,  
which was being towed to this port,  
suddenly careened and sank near Sea  
Girt, carrying down the crew of four  
men. The barge Lichenfeld, Captain  
Crindel, and three men, which ground-  
ed near Sandy Hook, was pulled off  
and the Captain reported all right.  
Three hours later she sank. The crew  
was undoubtedly drowned.

### RUN ON BANK

Started by a Wild Rumor Continued  
at Detroit.—All Depositors are  
Paid in Full.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 25.—The run on  
Lime Savings Bank, which was started  
yesterday by a wild rumor, continues  
this morning. About 300 were in line  
this morning to get their money.

The bank is in apparently good con-  
dition, the cashier saying that the  
bank has \$700,000 in cash and that the  
depositors would be paid in full.

### BELMONT BANK QUILTS.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The Comptroller of the Currency today appoint-  
ed bank examiner J. W. Delay, receiver  
of the First National Bank of Bel-  
mont, Ohio, upon telegraphic advice  
from the directors of the bank that  
they had closed their doors.

Read Advocate "want ads."

## M'LAURIN

Asks for an Investigation of the  
Charges Made by His Colleague  
Senator Tillman.

Washington, Feb. 25.—An echo of  
the sensational fight of Saturday was  
heard at the conclusion of the routine  
business. Mr. Pritchard (Rep. N. C.)  
submitted the following letter, which  
was read at the clerk's desk:  
To Hon. J. C. Pritchard, United States  
Senator, Washington.

My Dear Sir:—I was prevented as  
you know, from offering the resolution  
which I wrote at my desk Saturday for  
the investigation of the charges of my  
colleague by being stopped in the sen-  
ate. I am now prepared to offer the res-  
olution for the reason that I believe  
the charges are true. I am unfit to remain  
a member of the senate, and if untrue  
the man who made them is unfit to be a  
member of the honorable body. In any  
event I feel entitled to an investigation  
of the charges by the committee which  
makes investigation in the proceed-  
ings for contempt. I herewith en-  
close the resolution.

Yours very truly

JOHN LOWDNES M'LAURIN.

Mr. Pritchard then offered the fol-  
lowing resolution:

"Whereas, The senior senator from  
the state of South Carolina charged in  
a speech on the floor of the senate  
that the junior senator from the same  
state had been improperly influenced  
in casting his vote for the ratification  
of the treaty of peace between the  
United States and Spain; and

"Whereas, The said charge was em-  
phatically denied by the junior sen-  
ator,

"Resolved, That the committee on  
privileges and elections be directed to  
investigate and report as to the truth  
of the said charges, with full power to  
send for persons and papers."

The resolution was referred to the  
committee on privileges and elections.

## BURNS

RESULTED IN THE DEATH OF  
MISS KELLY.

Funeral at Mt. Calvary Cemetery on  
Wednesday Morning—Services at  
the Catholic Church.

Miss Maggie Kelly, daughter of Mrs.  
John Kelly, died at her home, 13 Hol-  
iday street, at 11:20 o'clock on Monday  
night, aged about 10 years.

One week ago last Saturday night,  
Miss Kelly in going through the front  
room stumbled and fell over a stove  
in which there was a fire burning.  
The stove was overturned and  
Miss Kelly fell on it, her night dress  
catching fire, and she immediately be-  
came enveloped in flames. Her niece,  
Miss Anna Kelly, sprang out of bed and  
catching up several blankets and  
pieces of carpets, threw them over her  
aunt, and succeeded in smothering the  
flames, but not before the poor woman  
had inhaled some of the fire.

Everything possible was done for  
her and it was thought that she would  
recover, but on last Sunday night she  
became worse and from that time rap-  
idly failed until Monday night when  
death relieved her of her sufferings.

Besides her mother she leaves two  
brothers, John and William Kelly, and  
a niece, Miss Anna Kelly, to mourn  
her death.

The funeral will take place from the  
St. Francis de Sales church tomorrow  
morning at 9 o'clock and the interment  
will be made in Mt. Calvary cemetery.

## PLOT

Alleged to Have Been Discovered to  
Place Prince Napoleon on the  
French Throne.

Budapest, Feb. 25.—There is a wild  
rumor current here today that a plot  
has been discovered to place Prince  
Victor Napoleon on the French throne.  
The plot, so the story goes, originated  
with a group of French nobles, living  
here in voluntary exile. The ring-  
leader is said to be a Marchioness, Ter-  
lard de Beignac. French detectives  
have arrived here to shadow the  
conspirators.

Australia warms form an Australian  
navy as an auxiliary to the  
British sea force. A naval reserve  
will first be established.

## FLYING

AT FULL SPEED THE TRAINS  
CRASHED.

FIVE KILLED AND TWO FATALLY  
INJURED, THE RESULT.

THE ENGINES WERE DEMOLISHED.

None of the Passengers Badly Hurt.  
All Who Suffered Being Trainmen.  
Dead and Injured.

Auburn, N. Y., Feb. 25.—On the Au-  
burn branch of the Central railway,  
two and one-half miles west of Aure-  
lus last night a passenger and a wreck  
train came together head on at full  
speed. The engines were demolished  
and thrown from the rails. Five men  
were killed and two were fatally injur-  
ed, all being employees of the railroad  
company.

The dead are:  
Edwin Vin, Rochester, baggageman;  
John Haseman, Rochester, engineer;  
Frank Hines, Rochester, fireman of  
passenger train.  
Engineer Durand, Syracuse.

Evans, member of the wrecking  
crew.

The injured:  
Fireman Schmuck, of Syracuse, and  
Trainman E. H. Renner of Rochester.  
None of the passengers were seri-  
ously hurt.

### Barcelona Quiet.

Barcelona, Feb. 25.—The Alcalde  
fixes the number of persons killed dur-  
ing the rioting since February 17 at  
26. The number of wounded cannot be  
estimated.

The iron masters have compromised  
with their employees on the basis of  
9½ hours' work per day.

A majority of the business houses  
resumed yesterday. The factories are  
working and all the street cars are  
running. Tranquillity rules, but the  
precautions taken for the maintenance  
of order have not been relaxed.

### Corbett vs. McGovern.

Cincinnati, Feb. 25.—The represen-  
tatives of "Young Corbett" and Terry  
McGovern are to meet in the Engineer  
office this afternoon to sign articles of  
agreement for a 25-round contest to  
take place on or about October 15, be-  
fore the club offering the best purse.

### DECLARED A TRUCE

Mansfield, Ohio, Feb. 25.—A truce  
was declared here yesterday in the  
warfare between the high school stu-  
dents and the School Board. The stu-  
dents re-entered school without their  
class colors, but are circulating a peti-  
tion among the citizens that the board  
allow them to wear their ribbons. It  
is probable that the board will repeal  
the act prohibiting colors.

### Censors at Work.

Berne, Switzerland, Feb. 25.—In con-  
sequence of the labor trouble in Italy  
the Italian Government is rigorously  
censoring the telegrams and does not  
allow private individuals to use the  
telephones.

### SENTENCE COMMUTED.

Washington, Feb. 25.—President  
Roosevelt has commuted to ten years  
imprisonment the sentence of death  
passed by the court martial in the  
Philippines on private Louis Nelson,  
of the Ninth cavalry. Nelson was  
found guilty of violation of the articles  
of war October 27, 1900, and sentenced  
to be hanged.

### Five Murdered.

Welsh, W. Va., Feb. 25.—Last night  
it was discovered that five of the six  
members of the Earl family, living  
five miles from here, were murdered,  
and that the head of the household  
disappeared. It is generally believed  
that he has been killed.

His wife's face was smashed in with  
some blunt instrument. One of her  
sons was shot through the head and  
the throats of three others were cut.  
None of the family was seen since  
Thursday last, and it is thought they  
were killed on that night.

Thirty-two million tons of water roll  
over the cliff at Niagara every hour.

## PATRICK TRIAL

Valet Jones May Not be the Only In-  
former Who Turns State's Evi-  
dence in Case.

New York, Feb. 25.—Testimony giv-  
en by handwriting experts in the trial  
of Albert T. Patrick for the murder  
of Millionaire William Marsh Rice has  
been supplemented by what the prose-  
cution holds is new and indisputable  
evidence from the camera. The old  
method of photography produced the  
signatures in fac simile, enlarged, of  
course, to whatever size was neces-  
sary. But this was unsatisfactory, in  
that the process did not go far enough.  
Transmitted light is the new agent  
employed. By sending it through the  
paper every detail of the wording is  
brought into startling prominence. Fea-  
tures hitherto obscured by the  
background of the paper stand out  
distinctly, and the experts are fur-  
nished with considerable more data  
from which to draw conclusions.

Valet Charles F. Jones may not be  
the only informer who turns state's  
evidence for the purpose of saving  
himself through the conviction of Pat-  
rick. Assistant District Attorney  
James W. Osborne, who is prosecuting  
Patrick, admits that he hoped to put  
on the witness stand this week one of  
the men indicted for perjury and for-  
gery of checks and the will with Pat-  
rick.

## MISS STONE

SUFFERING FROM STRAIN OF THE  
PAST FEW MONTHS.

Will Rest a Few Days—Missionary  
Still Remains at Strumnitz—Con-  
gratulations Sent to Her.

Constantinople, Feb. 25.—A dispatch  
has been received here announcing  
that Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka  
are still at Strumnitz, five hours' ride  
on horseback from the nearest station  
of the Salonika-Uskup railroad.

Miss Stone is suffering from the  
strain of the past six months, and is  
unable to take the horseback trip. A.  
A. Gargiulo dragoman, and Dr. House-  
man, one of the missionaries, rode from Sa-  
lonika to Strumnitz yesterday after-  
noon.

Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka will  
probably be compelled to rest at  
Strumnitz for a few days and then it  
is hoped to bring them from Salonika  
to Constantinople by sea.  
United States Minister Leishman is  
the recipient of congratulations on the  
success of his action in trusting the  
brigands with the ransom before the  
release of the captives. This step was  
much criticized by Mr. Leishman's  
colleagues.

Boston, Feb. 25.—The American  
Board of Missions late yesterday after-  
noon received a cablegram from its  
representative, W. W. Peet sent from  
Yenidpani, Bulgaria, saying:

"Stone's deliverance completed; in-  
form friends."

The Board sent its greetings to  
Miss Stone by cabling "Psalm 124."  
The woman's board called "Love, wel-  
come home."

The psalm referred to by the Amer-  
ican board contains these verses: "Our  
soul is escaped as a bird out of the  
snare of the fowlers; the snare is  
broken and we are escaped. Our help  
is in the name of the Lord, who made  
heaven and earth."

London, Feb. 25.—In a dispatch dat-  
ed Salonika the correspondent of the  
Daily Graphic says the brigands es-  
corted Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka  
to the outskirts of a village called  
Khaddous, near Strumnitz, that the  
captives to refrain from any statement  
until they have seen the United States  
Minister to Turkey.

During the last 20 years the con-  
sumption of eggs has enormously in-  
creased in Great Britain, and now  
represents annually an estimated sum  
of \$21,000,000, \$5,000,000 of which go to  
foreign importers.

Sixty-two miles an hour is to be the  
average speed maintained by a new  
train to run on the English service be-  
tween Paris and Calais. The journey  
will only occupy three hours.

## PRAYED

WHERE HIS FATHER DIED AT  
MOB'S HANDS

FOR A MURDER OF WHICH HE  
WAS INNOCENT.

LOGAN MYSTERY IS NOW SOLVED

Woman Herself is Said to Have Killed  
Alice Laughlin in a Swamp 27  
Years Ago.

Bellefontaine, O., Feb. 25.—Will  
Schell, a soldier in the Cuban War,  
came here yesterday and learned the  
particulars of the lynching of his fa-  
ther, James Schell, which occurred  
here 27 years ago, just five months be-  
fore the son was born.

The young man's mother just died  
in Morrow county, Ohio, and on her  
death bed she told her son the story  
of his father's tragic end, and his visit  
here to learn the particulars, his moth-  
er having told him that his father was  
innocent.

Schell visited the jail and the scene  
of the lynching, which is the corner  
of the court house, and offered up a  
prayer for his father as he stood at  
the cell from which he was taken.

Schell asked the Sheriff a long list of  
questions about the arrest of his fa-  
ther. He seemed deeply impressed as  
he looked over the scene of that black  
chapter in Logan county history.

In September, 1875, James Schell and  
his family, who lived on the farm of  
Josiah Laughlin, near Belle Center,  
went to the Lewistown Reservoir, ac-  
companied by Alice Laughlin, the 16-  
year-old daughter of Josiah Laughlin,  
to fish and pick berries. Mrs. Schell  
returned home late in the afternoon  
and reported Alice Laughlin lost. Her  
father and others at once started out  
to find her. The next day searchers  
discovered the girl's dead body in a  
swamp. Her skull was crushed and  
her face cut.

Schell was suspected and at once  
jailed in Bellefontaine. His wife the  
next day told the story of the murder  
in detail as committed by her hus-  
band.

That was on Friday, the 24th of Sep-  
tember. In the evening the streets  
of Bellefontaine began to fill with  
strangers. The lynchers gathered and  
made their plans. They came in a  
double column and at midnight went  
to the jail and broke the door in with  
railroad iron. The Sheriff and his  
guards were jostled out of the way,  
the cell door was demolished and the  
prisoner taken out and hanged to a  
silver maple tree on the corner of the  
court house yard. Schell was about  
30. On the gallows he charged his  
wife with the crime and said he would  
have to die for it.

"I would like to see Mr. Laughlin,"  
said the doomed man as he looked  
over the crowd, "but I see he is not  
here."

Then a man was told to do his duty,  
and Schell died with the blame of his  
wife's crime upon him.

## AS A JOKE

Husband Hanged His Wife and Then  
Told Friends, Who Promptly Cut  
Her Down.

Rock Island, Ill., Feb. 25.—A celebra-  
tion following a christening here came  
near ending in a tragedy. While the  
hilarity was at its height one of the  
merry makers, a powerful man, seized  
his young wife and carried her into  
the yard. Finding there a piece of rope  
he placed one end of it about her neck  
and, throwing the other end over the  
limb of a tree drew her off the ground.  
Then he went back into the house and  
confided to a number of his friends the  
nature of the joke he had played on  
his better half.

Some of the more sober ones consid-  
ered it best to investigate, and, upon  
doing so found to their horror that the  
playful husband had told the truth.  
They cut the woman down and re-  
stored her to consciousness by the use  
of stimulants.

### SCOTLAND EARTHQUAKES.

Glasgow, Feb. 25.—Repeated earth-  
quakes at Doonagh, near Inverness,  
have caused the greatest alarm among  
the inhabitants of the entire section.

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## CHAMP CLARK STORIES

### Tales Gathered Among the Nation's Lawmakers.

Four Redheaded Men Who Became Famous—Backsliding Democrat Aptly Characterized—Bill Jones' Mule Colt—How Senator Vest Required a Courteous Act—When War Waged Decolation—Caught Them Both Ways—Beaten by a Sixth of a Vote.

(Copyright, 1902, by Champ Clark.)

When Senator Joe Blackburn returned to Washington last spring to re-enter the house of the conscript fathers after an enforced retirement of four years, he was joyfully welcomed to "the finest capital in the world" by two of his old schoolmates, now occupying high stations and who easily rank among the most illustrious citizens of the republic. Mr. Justice John Marshall Harlan of the supreme court and George Graham Vest, the brilliant junior senator from Missouri. It is an interesting historical fact that these three distinguished men, all redheaded, and another redheaded statesman of equal renown, P. Gutzwiller, were in their youth classmates at an old fashioned high grade academy at Frankfort, Ky. The quartet were all destined to a high career.

**Vest's Story.**  
When Senator Vest was in his prime, he was the prince of stump speakers. He excelled in every feature of that difficult sort of oratory. He used logic, learning, sarcasm, irony, wit, humor, eloquence. As an anecdote teller in public speaking he never had a superior.

Up till the last few years all kinds of independent parties or political sides shows flourished in Missouri. The "Granger movement," "the Tadpoles," "the Greenbackers," etc., made life burdensome to the Democrats. Vest is a Democrat of "the straightest set," and in his speeches he laid on and spared not. He was as merciless in ridicule as Voltaire himself. One of Vest's opponents on one occasion twitted him with the fact that a prominent Democrat had deserted his party. "Oh, yes," replied Vest, "the hereditary enemies of the Democratic party land every Democrat who deserts to the Tadpoles as a great man and prominent citizen. I will tell you about that. When I was a boy and was living in Frankfort, Ky. there was an old fellow named Bill Jones who got drunk every time he came to town. One day by the time he was satisfactorily primed the rains had raised the Kentucky river till it was a rushing torrent. He had to cross it to get home, and people tried to dissuade him from such an idiotic performance, but go he would, and go he did. He mounted his old slab sided mare, followed by a diminutive mule colt, and boldly plunged into the river, which carried him, the old mare and the mule colt over the dam, and they disappeared in the whirlpool below. Folks upon the bank watched in vain for them to come to the surface. Taking it for granted that Bill was drowned, the citizens dragged the river to find his body, first cannon to make the corpse rise and did all the things usually done on such mournful occasions. At last, in sheer desperation, they gave up the attempt and settled down to the conclusion that Bill had floated down into the Ohio. But the next Saturday he rode into town, chipper as ever, and ready for another spree on his old mare, but minus the mule colt. So citizens gathered about him and told how they had mourned him for dead. 'Oh,' said Bill, 'I got out all right. So did my old gray mare, and all I lost was that measly mule colt.' And so in this case," concluded Vest, "we have not lost a prominent citizen, an influential Democrat, but a scrubby political mule colt."

**A Graceful Deed.**  
To hear certain persons who desire office, but can't get it, talk, politics is a sad business and hardens the human heart to such an extent that Pharaoh's by comparison was soft. According to these doctrinaires, all politicians are a bad lot, utterly destitute of the milk of human kindness and with no more sense of gratitude than a marble statue. It is a real pleasure to un deceive them.

However that may be, the following anecdote will convince all who are convinced that Senator Vest is not an ungrateful man:

He and John D. Stephenson of St. Louis were both elected to the Missouri legislature in 1860. Vest was easily leader of the southern sympathizers, and Stephenson was one of the leaders of the unconditional Union men. But they were close personal friends. Nowhere on this continent was debate more savage, feeling higher or excitement more tense than in the Missouri legislature in 1860-61. When war began, Vest cast his fortunes with the south, and Stephenson entered the Union army, rising to the rank of major general. In the early stages of that unhappy conflict General Stephenson captured Booneville, Vest's home town, while the latter was far away fighting with "Old Pal" Price. Mrs. Vest was very sick at home. General Stephenson, hearing that and remembering his personal friendship for her husband, placed a guard about her house to protect her from harm and to prevent her and her little babe from being distributed by unwelcome noise. It was a graceful deed by a noble man which bore good fruit after he was in his grave.

**Senator Vest's Revenge.**  
It's an old saying that "the whirligig of time brings in its own revenges." It is an amazing fact that nobody ever

thought to say that "the whirligig of time frequently brings splendid examples of gratitude," but it does all the same. Thirty-four years after General Stephenson protected Vest's wife and child from the horrors of war the brave old general, but poor in this world's goods, his aged widow applied to congress for a pension such as had been granted the widows of General John A. Logan, General Frank P. Blair and other distinguished Union volunteer major generals. The professional economists in the senate made a hard fight against the bill. Vest, remembering General Stephenson's kindness to his dear ones in the awful days of 1861, took up the cudgels for the dead Union soldier and never rested from his labors until the venerable Mrs. Stephenson was placed beyond want for the remainder of her days. Vest's grateful and chivalric performance is not so widely known as that of Sir Philip Sidney, who when sorely wounded himself gave his cup of cold water to a private soldier dying by his side, but it belongs to the same class nevertheless, and causes one to think better of human nature itself. Verily, "bread cast upon the water will return again." If critics and cynics will lay aside their preconceived opinions and investigate the matter, they will discover that politicians retain many human virtues.

**Caught 'Em Comin' and Goin'.**  
Nowhere did the civil war rage with more hellfire bitterness and more un-governable fury than in Missouri. At its close things were in chaos. Four prominent participants in that Titanic struggle acted with consummate wisdom—Francis Marion Cockrell, George Graham Vest, John J. Phillips and Thomas T. Crittenden. Cockrell was a major general and Vest a colonel in the Confederate army, while Phillips and Crittenden were Union colonels. All four are Democrats. As soon as "the smoke of battle cleared away" Colonel Vest and Colonel Phillips opened up a law office at Sedalia, in Pettis county, and General Cockrell and Colonel Crittenden opened up another law office at Warrensburg, in the adjoining county of Johnson. Paraphrasing it may be stated that Pettis and Johnson are two of the richest counties in that marvelous commonwealth. So they paired off, a Confederate and a Union soldier in each firm. They set their traps, "like the nigger's con trap, to catch 'em a-gwine and a-comin'."

**Law and Politics.**  
They were four tip-top lawyers and raked in lots of shekels. Whether they originally intended that law should be their serious and principal business, with politics as "a side line," or vice versa, I do not know. Whatever they intended, they succeeded well at law and amazingly well in politics. For a third of a century they have been the big four of south central Missouri and Vest and Cockrell the big two of the entire state. In court they had the cream of the business and were usually pitted against each other. In politics they have had the cream and while sometimes pitted against each other have most commonly acted together, at least in late years. Phillips and Crittenden ran against each other for congress and defeated each other for the gubernatorial nomination, and when Vest found that he could not secure the plum for himself he threw his strength to Charles H. Hardin, who defeated Cockrell by one-sixth of one vote, the closest shave on record. Neither Cockrell nor Vest became governor, but both reached the senate. Vest has been elected for four full terms and Cockrell for five. They can stay in the senate as long as they live. What they aspired to and failed to get, Colonel Crittenden secured, the governorship. When Grover Cleveland became president, Cockrell and Vest remembered their old law and political partners in a most handsome manner. They had Colonel Crittenden appointed consul general to Mexico and subsequently register in bankruptcy at Kansas City, which latter office he now holds. They had Colonel Phillips appointed United States judge for the western district of Missouri, a life position with a good, fat salary. The career of this great quartet illustrates what may be accomplished by soldiers in times of peace by a judicious combining of law, politics and military records.

**Vest's Gubernatorial Namesake.**  
It is very rare that one man still active in public life sees another man who was named for him governor of a great state. Yet that is precisely what Senator Vest has done, the recent governor of Missouri, Hon. Lon Vest Stephens being his namesake. Thereby hangs a tale which furnishes another illustration of Vest's greatness. When he migrated to Missouri, he located at Booneville. Colonel J. L. Stephens, father of Governor Stephens, the leading lawyer and financier of the town, took the brilliant young Kentuckian into partnership on liberal terms. Soon after a son was born to Colonel Stephens, and he christened him Lon Vest out of admiration for his youthful partner. Time went on. Vest was in the senate; Grover Cleveland was in the White House; a great national bank broke in St. Louis; the senator had his namesake, Lon Vest Stephens, appointed receiver of friendship and gratitude to his father. Lon Vest discharged his duties as receiver with such ability that when a vacancy occurred in the office of state treasurer of Missouri Governor Francis appointed him to serve during the unexpired term. Then he was elected for a full term of four years. He made such an excellent treasurer that in 1886 he was nominated for governor by acclamation and triumphantly elected.

**CHAMP CLARK.**

## ELECTION NOTICE

Democratic Primary Election to be Held on Saturday, March 15, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Democratic Committees of the city and township of Newark, in the County of Essex and State of Ohio, held on February 21, 1902, it was ordered that the election for the nomination of candidates for city and township officers shall be held by the Democratic party of said city and township under the provisions of the Dabner and Seitz laws.

The following rules shall be observed in conducting said election: The election shall be held on Saturday, March 15, 1902, and the polls shall be kept open from 9 a. m. until 7 p. m. standard time.

All Democrats who supported the Democratic ticket at the election last fall and all young men who have reached the age of twenty-one years on the day of election and promise to support the ticket that day nominated are entitled to vote at said election.

In the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards where there are members of the Board of Education to be elected, all women who are over 21 years of age and who will support the Democratic nominees for Board of Education may vote at the Primary Election.

There shall be voted for at said election candidates for the following offices, viz:  
One Mayor.  
One Cemetery Trustee.  
One Township Clerk.  
One Township Trustee.  
One Constable.

One member of the Board of Education from the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards.  
One Councilman from each ward.  
One Assessor from each ward.  
One Assessor from Newark township.

Also three persons from each ward and Newark township as Central Committee-men.

That the said election shall be held at the usual places of holding elections in said wards and township: That said Supervisors shall meet at the Convention room of the Court House on Monday, March 17, 1902, at 10 a. m., in the presence of the Democrats assembled, count the votes cast at said election and declare the result.

The following Supervisors have been selected to conduct said election:  
First ward, James Sheridan.  
Second ward, J. Woolles.  
Third ward, (N. P.) J. R. Baker.  
Fourth ward, (S. P.) D. F. Gormley.  
Fourth ward, (N. P.) Edwin Haugh.  
Fourth ward (S. P.), J. P. McMullen.  
Fifth ward (N. P.), Charles Bader.  
Fifth ward, (S. P.) Cliff Rosebrough.  
Sixth ward, James Burns.  
Seventh ward, Joseph Fox.  
Eighth ward, J. L. Grasser.  
Newark township, W. C. Barnett.  
D. F. GORMLEY, Chairman.  
MAC MOSSMAN, Secretary.

**NEWTON CHAPEL.**  
There will be a Literary at Locke School House Friday evening Feb. 28. Miss Bertha Claggett of Reform is visiting her sister, Mrs. Nelson Wilkin, this week.

The hunt supper was held at R. B. Stone's house last Thursday evening. About one hundred were present. A fine supper was served and a grand good time was had by all present.

Mrs. Chas. Wilson, who has been quite sick for a few days, is better.

Frank Stone and sister spent Sunday at Martin Hartsorn's.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Pound visited John Lember's one day last week.

Ed. Claggett was the guest of his brother, Chas. Claggett, Sunday.

**Reduced Rates West and Northwest via Pennsylvania Lines.**

One way second class colonist tickets to the West and Northwest will be sold at special fares via Pennsylvania Lines during March and April, 1902. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

**Home Seekers' Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.**

Low rate Home-Seekers' excursion tickets to the West and South will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, March 1, 18, April 1, 15, May 1, and 29. For fares, through time and other details apply to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

## TOLD IN WASHINGTON

INCIDENTS IN THE DAILY LIFE OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

How It Paid an Officeholder to Have a Strenuous Son—Michigan Congressman Proves That the Paw Paw is a River and Not a Bridge.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Sometimes, even in politics, it pays to have a strenuous son. President Roosevelt has some strenuous sons himself and takes rather kindly to other fathers who have strenuous sons. At all events, this story, illustrative of the point, is told in connection with the appointment of Edgar S. Wilson, a Mississippian Gold Democrat, to be United States marshal for the southern district of that state.

Mr. Wilson is a newspaper man and the father of a husky lad of fourteen. According to the story told by Wilson to the president, the boy came home from school one day during the last presidential campaign very indignant because another lad who wore a McKinley and Roosevelt button had been roughly treated.

"Give me a McKinley and Roosevelt button, papa," said young Wilson, "and I'll show the boys that they can't scare me."

Mr. Wilson scoured the town of Jackson for the desired button and finally found one in a barber shop. He pinned it on the lapel of his boy's coat and, having bestowed the parental blessing, sent the youngster forth to school. At night the lad returned a little the worse for wear, but the button was still in its place.

"Pop," said the boy triumphantly, "I've still got the button, but I had to lick four boys to keep it."

"Good, good!" enthusiastically broke in the president at this point in the story.

The next day, according to the story, young Wilson whipped two boys and after that vanquished the biggest boy in the school. Having licked all opposition to a standstill, he continued to wear the button undisturbed to the end of the campaign. President Roosevelt concluded that the father of that sort of a son would make a good United States marshal. Anyway, he sent Mr. Wilson's name to the senate, by whom the nomination has just been confirmed.

Representative Hamilton of Michigan has been very persistent in his efforts to convince Secretary Root that the war department should authorize the construction of a bridge over the Paw Paw river in his state.

The secretary had put him off from time to time on various pretexts. It is intimated that he was rather skeptical of the existence of any Paw Paw river. The other day Mr. Hamilton rushed into the office of the secretary with a quart bottle filled with a brownish liquid.

"Here it is!" he shouted.

"Here what is?" inquired Mr. Root so coldly that the temperature went down ten degrees.

"Why, water from the Paw Paw. Now make out the order for that bridge."

"What has the bottle of water to do with it?"

"It shows there is water in the river. I have imagined from your previous conversations that you think the Paw Paw is an elliptical bicycle track or an Indian congress or a kind of breakfast



"HERE IT IS!" HE SHOUTED.

food. It isn't; it's a river. This proves it. Now please, let me have that bridge."

Secretary Root smiled and sent for the chief of the army engineer corps, who agreed with Mr. Hamilton that the Paw Paw should have the bridge.

A group of men—senators, representatives and others—were standing around the weather map in the marble room of the capitol the other morning when the mercury was unusually low for Washington climate.

"What is the temperature at Fargo, N. D.?" asked a stolidly built, smooth-faced man of the weather clerk.

At the sound of the voice Senator Foraker, who was one of the group, turned around and addressed the stout man:

"I know you. Your name is Edwards."

"Yes," was the reply, "but I am sorry to say that I do not remember you."

"I am not surprised," remarked Senator Foraker, smiling. "We have not seen each other for thirty-eight years. Don't you remember down in Marietta, Ga., in 1864, when you were in the Army of the Tennessee, you used to argue with a young soldier in the Army of the Cumberland? I am the soldier. My name is Foraker."

"Joe Foraker, by heaven!" exclaimed the man. "Of course I remember. But, say, haven't you grown gray, and ain't you bald?"

Senator Foraker smilingly pleaded guilty to the indictment, and then the two men, who had not seen each other in thirty-eight years, went off and talked over the days when they were comrades in arms.

The deputy doorkeepers of the house have had their own troubles over the juvenile appearance of some of the members. Not long ago Deputy Burt Kennedy was going to forcibly eject

Representative Lever, the youthful member from South Carolina, supposing him to be a boy who was violating the regulation permitting only mem-

**Some Troubles of the Doorkeepers**

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Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Jargon, English, French and German.  
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**Trains.**  
No. 100 Wheel. & Pitta. Ex. 12:25 am 12:35 am  
No. 46 Wheel. & Pitta. Ex. 12:35 am 12:45 am  
No. 102 Zanesville Accom. 1:00 am 1:10 am  
No. 104 Bal. & Wash. Ex. 12:35 pm 12:45 pm  
No. 112 Cal. & Zanes. Ac. 1:15 pm 1:25 pm  
No. 108 From Columbus. 1:45 pm 1:55 pm  
No. 4 New York Fast. 2:15 pm 2:25 pm  
No. 50 Zanes. Ac. (Sunday). 7:00 pm 7:10 pm  
(Columbus & Newark Div.)—WEST BOUND.  
No. 105 Cal. & St. L. Ex. 2:40 am 2:50 am  
No. 111 Zanes. & Col. Ac. 7:10 am 7:20 am  
No. 107 Columbus Accom. 8:45 am 8:55 am  
No. 109 Cal. & St. L. Ex. 1:30 pm 1:40 pm  
No. 115 Columbus Accom. 1:30 pm 1:40 pm  
No. 49 Cal. Ex. (Sunday). 9:10 am 9:15 am

**(Second District)—GOING NORTH.**  
No. 17 Sandusky Accom. 7:57 am 8:10 am  
No. 7 Chicago Fast Line. 8:45 am 8:55 am  
No. 3 Chicago Mail & Ex. 1:30 pm 1:40 pm  
No. 47 Chicago Ex. 7:17 pm 7:25 pm

**ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH.**  
No. 4 Chicago Fast Line. 8:20 am 8:30 am  
No. 16 Sandusky Accom. 7:40 pm 7:50 pm  
No. 8 Chicago Ex. 8:15 pm 8:25 pm

**FOURTH DISTRICT.**  
DEPART.  
No. 205 South. 7:11 am 7:15 am  
No. 210 South. 1:45 pm 1:50 pm

**ARRIVE.**  
No. 209 From South. 7:12 am 7:15 am  
No. 207 From South. 1:46 pm 1:50 pm  
\*Denotes daily except Sunday.  
F. C. BARTHOLOMEW,  
Ticket Agent Newark, Ohio.

**Pennsylvania Railroad.**

**WESTWARD.**  
No. 5. 12:52 am Daily  
No. 21. 12:52 am Daily  
No. 33. 7:10 am Daily  
No. 7. 8:47 am Daily  
No. 15. 12:46 pm Daily  
No. 19. 6:12 pm Daily

**EASTWARD.**  
No. 8. 1:22 am Daily  
No. 10. 1:10 am Daily  
No. 16. 1:40 pm Daily  
No. 20. 7:10 pm Daily  
No. 22. 9:11 pm Daily  
\*Daily except Sunday.  
J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent, Newark.

**C., B. & N. R. R.**

**Newark & Greenville Electric Road**  
(In effect November 18, 1901.)  
Tr. No. 1. Newark. Tr. No. 1. Greenville.  
1 Power House. 5:00 am 5:30 am  
1 Square. 5:00 am 5:30 am  
5 B. & O. 7:05 am 7:45 am  
7 B. & O. 8:20 am 8:50 am  
15 B. & O. 9:45 am 10:15 am  
11 B. & O. 11:00 am 11:30 am  
13 B. & O. 12:15 pm 12:45 pm  
15 B. & O. 1:30 pm 2:00 pm  
17 B. & O. 2:45 pm 3:15 pm  
19 B. & O. 4:00 pm 4:30 pm  
21 B. & O. 5:15 pm 5:45 pm  
23 B. & O. 6:30 pm 7:00 pm  
25 B. & O. 7:45 pm 8:15 pm  
27 B. & O. 9:00 pm 9:30 pm  
29 B. & O. 10:15 pm 10:45 pm

**SUNDAY SCHEDULE.**  
Lv. Newark. Lv. Greenville.  
7:05 am 7:45 am  
9:45 am 10:25 am  
11:00 am 11:40 am  
12:15 pm 12:50 pm  
1:30 pm 2:05 pm  
Trains 5, 6, 9, 10, 11 and 13 will leave freight.  
No. 5, 21 connects with Southbound T. & O. C. Ry. Trains.  
No. 7, 22 connects with Northbound T. & O. C. Trains.  
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DOWN  
TO  
DEATH.A Tragedy of  
the Nerves.

A poor painter fell 125 feet down to death in one of the gigantic shafts of the Brooklyn Bridge.

He was a superior workman, and his fate is doubly sad from the fact that he had a wife and children. Work with him was not always plentiful, and he was doing his best to provide for his family while he had an opportunity. With a chance to work he overworked as millions of others are daily doing. In his nervous anxiety to accomplish as much as possible, he forgot himself and the scaffolding which held him in mid-air. His death was quick and tragic.

Dr. GREENE'S  
NERVURA.

The ever-faithful workman lost his life through nervous excitement. Had he been strong and fully self-controlled he might now be among the living. Millions of people, like this poor painter, are destroying their lives by overwork and worry. Do not neglect the feelings of exhaustion and lassitude. They mean much. Nervousness, insomnia, morbid fears, dyspepsia and irritability indicate derangements of the nerves and blood which require immediate attention. Dr. Greene's Nervura remedy for the nerves and blood is the great life renewer and strengthener, and may be trusted to repair the devastations wrought by the methods and habits of modern life.

If you do not fully understand what ails you, write to Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and secure medical advice, which is given cordially and without charge.

JOHN DAVID JONES,  
Attorney at Law.

No. 20-1-2 South Third Street, Newark, O.  
Practices in all the Courts, both State and National. Prompt attention given to all cases involving Administrators and Guardians accounts, and all litigations.

## How to Make Ginger Wine.

This is an American home brewed beverage which finds favor in country homes. All the ingredients are put together cold, and there is no cooking to be done. To every gallon of cold water add three and one-fourth pounds of loaf sugar, one and one-half ounces of bruised ginger, two lemons, two Seville oranges and one sweet orange. Pare the oranges and lemons very thin, squeeze all the fruit, put the juice and peel in the barrel; also one ounce of split raisins to every gallon. Do not quite fill the cask at first and stir well till the sugar is dissolved (two or three days), then add a little yeast. Do not stir again, but in about a week, fill the cask and cork it up. This will be ready to bottle in three or four months.

## How to Lie When Sleeping.

The correct posture for sleep is to lie on the right side, with the limbs stretched out to their full length and the arms either straight down by the body or in any comfortable position, provided they are not raised above the head. The mouth should be closed, and all the muscles of the body should be relaxed. The lungs work with greater deliberation during the hours of sleep, and if the arms are raised above the head at this time and for any period the action of the heart drives the blood away from the arms and sends it to the head, frequently making one very restless when it does not prevent sleep entirely.

## How to Make Salad Dressing.

One-half teaspoon of mustard, one-half teaspoon of salt, a dash of cayenne, two teaspoons of flour, one teaspoon of sugar, yolk of one egg, two-thirds of a cup of milk, two teaspoons of melted butter, one-quarter cup of hot vinegar. Mix the dry ingredients in a saucepan, stir into them the yolk of the egg, butter and milk; stir the mixture over hot water until it begins to thicken, then stir in the vinegar, a few drops at a time. When as thick as thick cream, strain and cool.

London is now considering a proposal to have the streets along which the coronation procession will pass decorated by stage painters.

Read Advocate "want ads."

E. H. Jones

The coming demonstration is undoubtedly the right thing at the right time. Let it come. We care nothing about the dark hints as to what this work-

## DEBS TO THE FRONT

## TAKES UP THE CUDGELS IN SUPPORT OF STREET CAR STRIKERS.

The Spirit That Inspired the A. R. C. Shines In Every Line of a Ringing Address to the Workmen of Terre Haute.

The employees of the Terre Haute Street Railway company were compelled to strike against the poor pay, long hours and unfair conditions placed upon them by the managers of the company. Terre Haute is the home of Eugene V. Debs, and, knowing all the facts in the case, that fearless champion of labor's cause has issued an address "To the Men, Women and Children Who Toil," published in The Toller, in which, after carefully setting out the details of the controversy between the men and the corporation, he makes an appeal from which the following is taken:

The vicious "public sentiment" made to order will be dissipated like mist before the sun if the men who work simply stand together. The naked facts are there. Lies may conceal, but cannot cancel them.

This sad-eyed corporation is not owned by "widows and orphans," as we have been told, but the same old bunko game is played with the smooth old plutocrat in widow's withered weeds, watered with orphans' tears to soothe the storm to calm again.

The "beautiful machinery" of these "widows and orphans" has had more praise in the press since the strike is on than all the slaves that ever suffered, to make comfort and convenience possible for those who hold them in contempt.

For \$1,500,000 is this company bonded. It pays taxes on \$250,000, or one-sixth the value of its property.

This is the robber that has the nerve to tell us we must obey the law.

Thirty years ago, when "beautiful machinery" was unknown, we bought six tickets for a quarter from the driver; today we have to pay the nickel straight unless we lose a day and have ourselves identified at the company's office during banking hours.

The company does not pay the employees one red cent, but you and I do pay them all and send the foreign owners handsome sums besides to let us ride in our own streets.

This corporation uses my streets and your streets, without which its property would not be worth a farthing. This makes us stockholders even though we do not share in the profits its piracy drains from the veins of its living rillings stock now out on strike.

Not less than 75 per cent of "the public" is in the working class, and therefore it is "the public" under our institutions, and its voice is law, and even corporations can be compelled to obey its mandates.

All that is needed is that the workers stand together just once, stand together if every wheel must stop to show some people who despise you that when workmen go on strike the machinery of society stands still and every heartless fireless and every master helpless.

Let the word go forth that Manager Clark's challenge is accepted by all the hosts of labor, and let it be a "right to a finish," and "damned be he who first cries hold, enough!"

Next, let all men, women and children who are with us enroll their names with pledges never to enter a car in Terre Haute until the fight is won and justice done, and let the canvass be complete, for the time has come to draw the line and know who is with us and who with the corporation in this struggle.

Next, let a canvass be made of the working class for fifty miles around and have each man, woman and child who can contribute from one penny upward each week to create a fund from which to weekly pay the strikers while they hold the fort.

Next, let a monthly demonstration of labor be held in Terre Haute and have it increase in numbers, if the strike is prolonged until the working class in general is out to bear testimony of its loyalty to men who are bravely fighting the battle of all.

Next, let it be understood that the people who support the company and are its friends have that unquestioned right and privilege, and by the same token it is your right and privilege to let them also sell their wares to their friends.

Next, have the working class prepare its "book of remembrance" and when completed have it printed for future service. On the fly leaf should be printed this extract from the speech of Wendell Phillips, delivered to workingmen in 1872:

"If you want power in this country, if you want to make yourselves felt, if you do not want your children to wait long years before they have the bread on the table they ought to have, the leisure in their lives they ought to have, the opportunities in life they ought to have, if you don't want to wait yourselves, write on your banner so that every political trimmer can read it, so that every politician, no matter how shortsighted he may be, can read it: 'We never forget! If you launch the arrow of socialism at labor, we never forget. You may go down on your knees and say, 'I am sorry I did the act,' and we will say, 'It will avail you in heaven, but on this side of the grave never.' So that a man in taking up the labor question will know he is dealing with a hair trigger pistol and will say, 'I am to be true to justice and to man; otherwise I am a dead duck.'"

The coming demonstration is undoubtedly the right thing at the right time. Let it come. We care nothing about the dark hints as to what this work-

ing animal may possibly do if he turns himself loose. Of course he would rather stay in the coal holes of the earth where he belongs, but we think it will do him good to get out in the sunlight and stretch himself, and give the people who only read and hear of him a chance to see him and take his dimensions.

It is with pleasure that I avow my full share of responsibility for the demonstration, and all I have to say is that no good man has aught to fear from it.

My own personality ought not to be a feature of this address, but perhaps I should not altogether ignore the insinuations of the crafty tools who fear that workmen may profit by my advice and my experience. They have said that I am a Jonah. To which I answer, better a Jonah than a Judas.

It is true that the American Railway union, which honored me with official leadership, was crushed, but better that a thousand times than that it lived debauched. Nor can the General Managers' association claim the victory, for it required all the resources of its masters, including the fat apostate Grover Cleveland and all his judges, soldiers and other lackeys, to wrest victory from the union and give it to the corporations.

Had I been as servile as those who sneer and as ready to "crook the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrive by following fawning" I could have had more money than they ever saw, while the press would have crowned my treason as wise and noble leadership.

But I am not disturbed by the taunts of this two-bit aristocracy, puffed with pride, not knowing enough to know that it couldn't get a job carrying the pink tea poodles of the genuine society swells of Beacon Hill, whose cars and rails they so zealously guarding and defending in this strike.

As a last word I have to say that no just cause ever prompted workmen to action. Let the call ring over hill and dale. The hour has struck, and the workers must and will stand together. Cowards may crawl, and traitors may betray, but the men and women of labor will stand staunch and true. The trials and privations may be severe, but these only temper the true for noble actions and heroic service.

Right is with the men, women and children of toil, and humanity at last will thank you and remember you.

## No Prosperity For Labor.

In the past ten years the number of workers has increased relatively more than the amount paid out in wages, making a fall in wages for the twenty-eight states and territories of 3 per cent.

Since this statement was made the census bureau has issued bulletins for five more states, which make a still worse showing, carrying the general decrease in money wages down to 7.4 per cent. One of these latter states is Tennessee, which shows a decrease of 9 per cent in ten years, another, South Carolina, showing a 20 per cent decrease. The worst of all is New Jersey, which shows 22.2 per cent decrease, and the figures being: 1890, number of wage earners, 120,000, and \$80,713,387 paid in wages; 1900, number of wage earners, 241,381, and \$110,088,005 paid in wages.

Well, what does this signify? It signifies just this—that while the owners and managers of the trusts are getting undoubted benefit out of the present prosperity era, and while it is undoubtedly true that some workmen are better off so far as higher wages are concerned, the mass of men in this country are, by the testimony of those who have no wish to show the trust era at any disadvantage, proved to be worse off, because prices making up the cost of living have risen, while wages, considered as a whole, have fallen. The workman has to pay more for the necessities and comforts of life, and he gets less money with which to do it. After that I do not see what the trust advocates can say. The case is proved against them out of the mouths of their own people.—Henry George, Jr., in Philadelphia North American.

## New York Estimates.

The last report of the New York bureau of labor statistics is of special interest to wage earners. Although it is restricted to organized labor, its figures apply to 275,000 working people and nearly all the manufacturing and mechanical industries. Hence conditions reported must be accepted as fairly representative.

In 1894 the number of labor unions in New York reporting to the bureau was 860. In 1901 the number was 1,581. In the same period the membership increased from 157,197 to 276,141, or 76 per cent. In 1897 only 3.1 per cent of the members of labor organizations in New York were women. In 1901 the proportion had risen to 5.5 per cent.

All but two of the groups of trades attained to their largest growth in 1901. In the tobacco trades, however, the 1901 membership was smaller than that of 1900. In the clothing trades the maximum was passed in 1895. The largest group of organized workmen is that of the building trades. In this group is 31 per cent of all trade unionists in New York state.

Growth of Firemen's Brotherhood. The general secretary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen reports a membership of 40,720 out of a total of about 50,000 employed as locomotive firemen in the United States and Canada. This is a doubling of the membership since 1894, when the headquarters were moved to Peoria, at which time the brotherhood had less than 21,000 on its rolls. The gain for 1901 was 3,119. The aggregate insurance in force in the Beneficial Auxiliary is \$5,025,740.

CITY OWNERSHIP OF WATERWORKS  
AND HOSPITAL ENDORSED BY COUNCIL.Unanimous Action Taken Monday Night by the City Council,  
Ordinances Passing Under Suspension of Rules—Important Questions Before Voters at April Election.

## RESOLUTION.

The City Council met in special session Monday night for the purpose of considering the matter of the municipal ownership of the water works system, and provide for the passage of an ordinance to submit the question of issuing bonds for this purpose to the voters at the next general election.

President Roszel called the meeting to order, and the following members answered to their names: Messrs. Stafford, Lamb, Jones, Smith, Spencer, Phillips, Fromholtz, Deardurff and Linn.

Among the prominent citizens present at the meeting who were interested in the water works and hospital propositions were Col. C. H. Kibler, Benjamin Franklin, John W. Adams, Herman Elsner, F. G. Warden, W. W. Neal, Edward Kibler, E. H. Everett, James H. Hamill, Edward Thomas, John J. Carroll, Edward Franklin, William H. Smith, James Linahan, T. O. Donovan, Burt Jones, Ambrose Schaefer and others.

The meeting being called for the passage of ordinances all other business was dispensed with.

An ordinance was read for the first time providing that the city establish, build, equip and control a water works system to supply water to the said city, and on motion of Mr. Jones the rules were suspended and the ordinance was passed.

The following are the ordinances relating to the water works matter both passed under a suspension of the rules every member present voting for the passage.

## AN ORDINANCE.

To Establish, Erect, Build and Maintain a Water Works System in the City of Newark, Ohio, and supply Water to said Corporation and the Inhabitants thereof.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Newark, Ohio:

Section 1. That it is necessary to establish, erect, build and maintain a system of water works, to supply to the corporation of Newark, and to furnish water to the inhabitants thereof; and, by virtue of the powers conferred by Section 1692 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, it is ordained, that such water works system be and the same is hereby established by this Council, to be erected, built and maintained by said City.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and legal publication. Passed February 21, 1902.

H. W. ROSSEL, President.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

## AN ORDINANCE.

To Issue and Sell Bonds of the City of Newark, Ohio, in the sum of Three Hundred Thousand (\$300,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of Erecting and Building a Water Works System for supplying water to said City, and the inhabitants thereof, and making special levies of taxes to pay the principal and interest of said Bonds.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Newark, Ohio:

Section 1. That it is necessary, and this Council hereby declares it to be necessary, to issue and sell the bonds of said City, in the sum of Three Hundred Thousand (\$300,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of erecting and building a water works system for supplying water to said City, and the inhabitants thereof, and making special levies of taxes to pay the principal and interest of said Bonds.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and legal publication. Passed February 21, 1902.

H. W. ROSSEL, President.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

## A Legacy of the Grip.

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system, and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Hall's Drug Store. 2

The British War Office has issued a "Manual of Chemistry" for the soldiers, the importance of care of the feet during marches being the incentive.

Read Advocate "want ads."

## How to Make Vanilla Extract.

This can be made cheaply at home, and you can know you have all you pay for and no adulteration. Buy of your druggist one-quarter ounce of vanilla beans, the sure way to get the genuine by buying the whole bean, one-half ounce of vodka and one-half pint of alcohol. Mix with one-half pint of water and let stand for two weeks; then add one-quarter of a pint of alcohol and one-quarter of a pint of water. Let stand awhile longer and then strain and bottle. It is ready for use.

## How to Make Crackers.

Mix together three tablespoons of grated cheese, one-fourth of a teaspoon of dry mustard, one teaspoonful of anchovy paste, a dash of cayenne and a pinch of salt. Mix this smooth with two level tablespoons of butter. Spread over the crackers and put in a not over until they begin to color.

## How to Remove Glass Stoppers.

Glass stoppers in bottles may easily be removed when they have become fixed by pouring hot water over the neck of the bottle. The heat causes the glass to expand, and it then being considerably larger than the stopper the latter can be easily withdrawn.

## How to Mend China.

For mending china and glass ware use a remedy stated that a compound of starch, glycerin and egg-whites will maintain its adhesiveness longer than any other.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Sprague, Optician, 16 W. Church st. Smith & Nixon Pianos at Rawlings. Goodhair soap cures Dandruff.

CLERKS—Regular meeting Rotarian Union 179 tonight.

A DAUGHTER—Born, to Dr. and Mrs. Albert S. Barnes, this morning, a daughter. Mother and little one doing well.

REPENTANCE—The meetings at the Fourth Street Church of Christ still continue, with large crowds in attendance. The subject for tonight will be "Repentance." A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

WOODMEN—Cedar Camp, No. 177, Modern Woodmen of America, will have one of their open meetings tonight. An excellent program, consisting of music, addresses, etc., has been prepared, and some of the best talent in the city will take part in the entertainment, at the conclusion of which oysters, sandwiches, pumpkin pie and coffee will be served.

## THE COURTS.

## ASSIGNMENT OF CASES

Just Made in Common Pleas Court for Trial Next Week.

The following assignment of cases for trial in the Common Pleas Court from Monday, March 3 to Friday, March 11, inclusive:

Monday, March 3.—Case 11676, Band et al. vs. Singer et al.; 11691, Rank vs. Carlisle; 11698, Burkhart vs. Settles; et al.; 11716, Stump vs. P. C. C. & St. L. railway company; 11719, Crescent Coal and Iron Co. vs. Newark Gas Light and Coal Co.; 11722, Caldwell vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11726, Sniff vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.

Tuesday, March 4.—Case 11730, Harter vs. Harter; 11738, Reid et al. vs. Conley; 11745, Herdman & Co. vs. Hagmeier; 11747, Ray vs. Hobart; 11753, Gatton vs. White; 11755, Evans vs. Walker.

Wednesday, March 5.—11756, Jones vs. Smoots; 11757, Mazdin vs. Magee; 11758, Hyams vs. Lingafelter; 11759, Black, admr. vs. Seward et al.; 11760, Stanberry vs. Halliday et al.

Thursday, March 6.—11768, Glick vs. City of Newark; 11770, Ores vs. Ores; 11772, Crawford vs. Struble et al.; 11771, Spurgeon vs. Atwood.

Friday, March 7.—11775, Collins admr. vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11778, Werner Co. vs. Lingafelter; 11781, Stewart vs. Baker; 11786, Martin vs. Dean et al.; 11787, Martin vs. Kearns; 11788, Martin vs. Brinkles.

Monday, March 10.—11791, Griggs Co. vs. Stewart et al.; 11793, Munch vs. Camp; 11791, Taylor vs. N. G. Street railway company; 11795, Reed vs. T. & O. C. R. R. Co.

Tuesday, March 11.—11798, Franklin vs. Gosnell et al.; 11800, Havens vs. Boring; 11818, Hickey vs. Daugherty, admr.; 11824, Pickett vs. H. well; 11826, Bush vs. Hickey admr.

Wednesday, March 12.—11828, Ronan et al. vs. Watkins; 11837, City of Newark vs. P. C. C. & St. L. R. R. Co.; 11841, City of Newark vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11841, Giles vs. Smoke et al.

Thursday, March 13.—11845, Mazolin vs. Smoke; 11850, Avery vs. Morgan; 11851, Blair vs. Dean et al.; 11857, Bingham et al. vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11867, Kunselman vs. City of Newark.

Friday, March 14.—11865, Price vs. Smith et al.; 11871, Burt vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11876, Kearns vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.; 11877, Warner vs. Thompson; 11881, Dunaway vs. Thompson; 11883, Graves vs. Imhof.

## Marriage Licenses.

Samuel Spicer and Emma J. Lomax.

## Real Estate Transfers.

Eva J. Butcher and husband to L. M. Farnsworth and Emma E. Farnsworth; real estate in Dennington township \$1,100.25.

Eva D. Butcher and John D. Butcher to L. M. Farnsworth and Emma E. Farnsworth; real estate in Dennington township, \$1,559.75.

Albert M. Tyler to Henry Tyler; real estate in Alexandria, \$225.

Talk real estate to us. Reese H. Jones. 2-8dlm

How to Remove Glass Stoppers.

Glass stoppers in bottles may easily be removed when they have become fixed by pouring hot water over the neck of the bottle. The heat causes the glass to expand, and it then being considerably larger than the stopper the latter can be easily withdrawn.

How to Mend China.

For mending china and glass ware use a remedy stated that a compound of starch, glycerin and egg-whites will maintain its adhesiveness longer than any other.

## ADD UP THE GAINS.

In consumption, as in other diseases, the results secured from continued treatment with Scott's Emulsion come from the accumulation of many small gains.

A little gain in strength each day—a little gain in weight each day—if continued for weeks, amounts to something.

Scott's Emulsion can be taken for weeks and months without the least disturbance. It gives itself time to do good. It makes new flesh and strengthens the lungs.

Send for Free Sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

WANTS 3 Lines 25 cents

FOR RENT.

For Rent—Desirable rooms for light housekeeping near square. Also house, 18, M. Harrison, 10 South Fifth street. 6-11-17

For Rent or Sale—The store room, hall and dwelling, corner Baker and S. Second St.; desirable location for grocery, saloon or meat market; can sell on the very best terms of payment or rent at one-half price to right party. Call at law, 21-1-2 South Park Place. Other good properties for sale or rent. Walter A. Lewis. 1-25dlm

FOR SALE.

For Sale—Counter, 10 feet long, with 15 inch solid walnut top, 20 inches wide; cheap. Enquire at Advertiser office.

For Sale—A good Drop-head, 40x20 Sewing Machine. Call on or per mail to Sec. N. C. Smith, 111-2 North Second street. 2-13dlm

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

IOWA FARMS 4 PER ANNUM CASH BALANCE CROPPING MACHINE

If You Are Going to Move See Robt. Dennis.

of 130 Union street. He has 20 years experience in moving and packing for shipment. Prices reasonable. New phone 200. 2-25dlm

For Rent—Two houses. Inquire at Vogelmeier's, 201 South Second street. 2-22-31

Wanted—Washings to do. Will call for and return them. Call on John M. Swartz, 207 North Fifth street. 2-22-31

For Sale—Twelve four hundred dollar lots sacrificed for two hundred dollars. Call at 229 South Fifth street. 2-22-61

For Sale—Good work horse and delivery wagon almost new. Wagon suitable for grocery or dairy use. Enquire of Martha Wintermute, Cherry Valley. 2-23-31

For Rent—Good storeroom and basement on April 7, 1902 at No. 23 Rider block, West Main street. Call on John M. Swartz, 207 North Fifth street. 2-24-31

Wanted—12 agents either ladies or gentlemen to sell goods in this city. A good seller and good pay. Call at once at Central House, North Fourth st. 2-25-31

For Sale—6 room house on West Church street at a bargain if sold soon. Reese R. Jones. 2-24-31

Wanted—Two or three unfurnished rooms, centrally located, suitable for light housekeeping. Address, Z. N. Advocate office. 31

For Sale—A good 7-year-old mare, harness, carriage and buckboard. Enquire of Mrs. Handle, 91 Summit street. 2-25-31

For Sale—House and stable on E. in Brownsville, Ohio. Inquire of C. A. Fry, corner of West Main and Union streets. 2-25-31

Wanted—Position to do work in private family. Enquire at 30 Gay street. 2-25-31

For Rent—Furnished room, suitable for one or two persons. Enquire at 241 Buckingham street. 2-25-31

Last month 78,741 gallons of Australian wines were imported into the United Kingdom, as against 28,411 gallons in January, 1901.

Recent explorations in Egypt have unearthed the consecutive order of seventeen Kings, thus establishing a firm foundation for the investigation of Egyptian history.

THE GRIGGS STORE.

# The Dry Goods Spring

is always a little in advance of the real spring day, it necessarily must be. In order that the choice costumes may be ready when the spring time comes, the fabrics must be displayed in advance. Our Spring time here in the store is complete. The new silks and dress fabrics, the imported cotton goods and the fine French patterns and all the choice washable fabrics are being cut rapidly every day now.

## Four More Shipments of Tailored Suits

were received this morning. The new styles in Wigercaus Crashes, Venetians and other spring styles are very attractive. Some made with drop skirts, others silk lined and peraline lined. The new effects will interest and please you and the nobby sailor effects in the suit jackets are trimmed in many ways.

## Silk Raglan Coats

half fitted back, some a trifle looser, some made of Peau de Soie, others of taffeta and some moires. These promise big for this season in the east, and for the early spring days they will be the newest as well as the most attractive articles of this spring's wear.

## Special Efforts on New Suits This Week

Remember the Early Easter Showings at

# The H. H. Griggs Company.

The Prices at Which We Sell Shoes are Bargains Any Time.

## LINEHAN BROS.

## CITY HOSPITAL.

EDWARD KIBLER SPEAKS OF THE UNANIMOUS ACTION

Taken by City Council—If Voters so Decide City Will Build and Equip Hospital.

The friends of the hospital movement, said Mr. Edward Kibler to an Advocate reporter today, feel very grateful to the members of the City Council for their prompt and unanimous action at the meeting Monday night in passing the ordinance establishing a municipal hospital and in deciding to submit the question to a vote of the people at the April election. It will give the people an opportunity to determine whether they are in favor of a city hospital to be owned, controlled and maintained by the city upon broad non-partisan and non-sectarian lines for the equal benefit of all citizens.

It is necessary, in order for the proposition to carry that it shall receive an affirmative vote of two-thirds of those who vote upon the question submitted. If it fails of this vote the will of the people is recorded against the proposition. If it obtains this vote then it will be necessary to select a site, whereupon it will be the duty of the Mayor to appoint four trustees with the consent of the Council, who, with the Mayor, shall constitute the Board of Hospital Commissioners, whose duty it will be to erect the hospital, furnish the same and manage and control the operation of it, subject in some respects to the control of the Council. When the hospital is completed this board has the entire management and control of it, subject to the ordinances of the council, shall establish rules for its government and the admission of persons to its privileges, power to employ a superintendent, physicians, nurses and such other employees as it shall deem necessary and subject to the approval of the Council, fix the compensation of all persons so employed.

Under a wise and judicious management, there is no reason why such a hospital in this city should not be nearly, if not quite, self-sustaining; for those who are able to pay for its privileges should be and will be required to do so, while any citizen who is in need of hospital services and is unable to pay for the same should be and will be accorded this privilege without expense.

Such a hospital will be not only a charity, but is a necessity. The size of the city, its diversified industries, the fact that a large proportion of our people are engaged in pursuits which are dangerous and in which accidents are inevitable, make it all the more necessary to have a hospital which shall be a public institution and which shall be conducted for the interest of the whole people with equal rights to all and excluding none.

It will be necessary, however, for the friends of the hospital to be vigilant and unceasing in their activity to bring the matter to the attention of the voters so as to get a general expression of opinion upon the subject voted at the coming spring election. Upon the official ballot which will be voted at the coming spring election, there will be the words "For the issue of hospital bonds," which should be properly marked by those who desire to vote in favor of the proposition.

There will be also upon the same ballot the words "Against the issue of hospital bonds," which must be likewise marked by those who desire to vote against the proposition.

It is desired by the executive committee appointed by the recent mass meeting of citizens in the Convention room of the Court House, to urge this matter upon the attention of the Council that all organized bodies, labor organizations, secret societies, churches should as early as convenient take official action which shall indicate their preference upon this proposition to be submitted to the voters and have the Secretary of the organization transmit to Edward Kibler, Secretary of the Executive Committee a certified copy of such resolution.

The present is the golden opportunity for the friends of a city hospital to realize their long cherished desires, and no effort should be spared to obtain at the hands of the people an emphatic endorsement of this proposition.

Talk to us about real estate. We will give you facts, not blue sky in our hands. Reese R. Jones. 2-8-dim

If you are waking, call me early: I will call another doctor. And we'll have Vanilla Crystals With our pancakes, mother dear. Read Advocate "want ads."

## ACCUSED OF TREACHERY

[Original]

"Grandpa," said a girl of nineteen, "we constantly hear stories of the civil war and of the recent war with Spain, but seldom of the war with Mexico. Surely you, a veteran of that war, must have some adventure to tell."

The girl addressed a man of eighty, shriveled and silver haired, but sitting erect in his chair with something of the bearing of a soldier.

"There is one episode I could tell you, Alice, but it is very sad."

"Tell me anyway."

"In the brigade with which I served there was a young fellow from Louisiana, Adrian Picard, lieutenant of artillery, a typical southerner of the highest class. He was handsome as a picture and one of the few men I have met who seemed to be at all times unconscious of fear. There was a time when we were detained in the same encampment waiting developments. I don't now remember what, but during this time Picard used to ride about recklessly outside the lines, at first by daylight, but afterward at night. It was noticed by his brother officers that on every third night he would grow impatient for the darkness, and when it did come would mount his horse and ride away. One night Bankhard of the cavalry took it into his head to follow him. The next day at the mess table we were badgering Picard about his nocturnal rides when Bankhard sneeringly remarked:

"When an officer rides at night in the direction of the enemy, it is time his rides were stopped."

"We all sat aghast at this charge of treachery. The two men being from the south, where dueling was common, we knew what would follow. Nevertheless everything was kept so secret that I had no suspicion till 2 o'clock the next morning, when my tentmate, Tom Ingersol, stole out and away, thinking that he had not awakened me. Since he was Picard's intimate friend, I felt assured he had gone to be with him at a meeting with Bankhard."

"At breakfast Picard was not with us. Bankhard was there, looking very much disturbed, and several others, including my tentmate, were distressed beyond measure."

"Where is Picard?" I asked.

"The query was like dropping a shell in the midst of the party. For a moment there was no reply. Then Ingersol said resolutely, as though he would resent any denial of his statement:

"Picard has been killed. Last night several of us made a reconnaissance toward the enemy's lines, and Picard got a bullet in his heart."

"Every one at the table knew that the story was made up to prevent, if possible, any inquiry into the real cause of Picard's death, and every one knew that he had been killed in a duel by Bankhard. But no one disputed the explanation, and we went on eating our breakfast without further reference to the matter, though there was no great appetite in any of us. We all blamed Bankhard till his second made it known to us that on the night he had followed Picard he had seen him ride into the enemy's lines, following a wooded ravine. Picard had evidently found a way of getting within the lines and carrying his information to headquarters unobserved."

"A few days later we broke camp, moved forward half a dozen miles and camped near a hacienda surrounded by a high hedge. After supper Ingersol tapped me on the shoulder, saying:

"Come with me. I don't care to be accused of giving information to the enemy and want you for a witness."

"We went to the hacienda, stood at the gate watching for an opportunity to enter unobserved and, finding one, went inside, where we could not be seen from without on account of the hedge. After a walk of nearly a mile we came to the house. There Ingersol gave a servant his card, on which he had written, 'A friend of Lieutenant Picard,' and told him to take it to Señora Herrera."

"In a few minutes the lady entered. She was about your age, Alice, and very nearly your build. In other respects she was very different. She had an immense coil of jet black hair, and her eyes were also very black and very large. Her complexion was olive, with a red tinge in each cheek. As she came in she was the picture of anxiety, her great orbs darting from one to the other of us as if uncertain which was the friend of Picard and sure that there was bad news in store for her."

"I am Mr. Ingersol," said my companion. "I come with a message from Lieutenant Picard."

"She staggered back, placing her hand for support on a table."

"Oh, soner," she said faintly, "it is a farewell!"

"Ingersol bent his face to the floor, either to hide his emotion or in an assent he did not care to give in words. I kept my eyes on the girl and, seeing that she was about to swoon, caught her in my arms and laid her on a sofa."

"She revived presently and, summoning her resolution, heard the story which Ingersol had been commissioned to tell her by Picard should be fall in the duel."

"The man who had fought rather than explain his motive had met the woman, fallen in love with her and visited her under cover of the night."

The story ended, and there was a momentary silence. Then Alice exclaimed:

"Oh, how sad! Does she mourn for him still, grandpa?"

"Well, my dear, since she was loved half a century ago, if she still loves him has probably healed the wound."

"I don't believe it has," said Alice confidently.

WILLIS STEPHENSON.

## RAILROADS.

Preparing for a Car Famine.

The officials of the railroads of the country are expecting to face the worst car famine in history with the opening of navigation. When the ore and coal trade to lake ports begins in May many thousands more cars than are now in service will be needed. The big car works are already crowded and repair work is keeping the railroad shops so busy that they cannot undertake to build any new freight cars.

The reports for 1900 and 1901 shows that the Pennsylvania had 95,724 cars in the freight service, the Pennsylvania company 44,983, the B. & O. railroad 34,343, the Pan Handle 13,710, and the P. & L. E. about 8,000. Each of the above roads has added about 2,000 cars or more to their freight equipment since then, and the P. R. R. and B. & O. have probably built 10,000 new cars and yet they are short of equipment now. The Pan Handle does not own many coal cars, as it uses the Pennsylvania company cars almost exclusively, and they have at all times about 25,000 P. R. R. cars in use on the main line and branches, so that it takes about 45,000 cars to keep the regular business of that system moving.

So far as locomotive equipment is concerned the roads will be better off than ever before. The Pennsylvania will receive 60 new engines from the Baldwin shops in addition to many that will be built at Altoona. The Ft. Wayne and the Pan Handle will receive at least 40 new engines as soon as they can be turned out, and the B. & O. and P. & L. E. are having engines built now at two different shops.

In connection with a western statement that the jurisdiction of General Passenger Agent B. N. Austin of the Baltimore and Ohio is to be further extended over the lines of the system, it is reported that a reorganization of the passenger department affecting every branch of the system has been completed and is to be announced very soon.

Railroad officials at Chicago are again disturbed by the receipt of notice from the inter-state commerce commission that statements and statistics showing rebates paid and other inducements given to packers and grain shippers prior to January 1 are wanted.

### Local Railway Notes.

Brakeman Ault of the C. O. division, after having been off for some days, has returned to work.

Brakeman G. W. Caricoffe of the C. O. division, is off duty on account of sickness.

L. Siegler and C. J. Perkins have secured positions on the B. & O. as brakemen, and have reported for work. They were assigned to duty on the C. O. division.

Brakeman F. S. Baker of the C. O. division, has resumed work, after having been off duty for a few days.

Brakeman F. E. Moats of the C. O. division, who has been laying off for several days taking a rest, has been marked up for work.

Brakeman O. O. Mason is off on a short leave of absence.

Brakeman Bland, Ed Gardner and H. S. Diddy, after having been off duty for a short time have resumed work.

Conductor F. Funk of the C. O. division, has returned to work, after a short leave of absence.

Charles Henderson, a well known B. & O. yard man, has returned to work after a short leave of absence.

Superintendent Bachelor, Road Master David Lee and Division Engineer, Charles Vadigan are taking a trip over the Midland division today.

Michael McDonough, a hostler at the B. & O. shops, who has been suffering with a severe attack of neuralgia for some time, received a message from Dayton, notifying him that his brother was lying in a critical condition at his home in that city. Mr. McDonough left on the first train for Dayton.

W. E. White, a hostler in the employ of the Pan Handle railroad company, has returned from Pomeroy where he has been visiting his brother, who has been very sick for some time.

Richard Walters and wife entertained their friends last Sunday. Spiller & Sons are sawing out a set for George Hupp.

Rev. Mr. Hoover has closed his revival meeting at Melzer.

Richard Courson was in Newark last Saturday.

Praying at Fairmount last Sunday was largely attended.

P. W. Walters was in Hoboken Sunday evening.

Rev. C. W. Wallace of Newark, has

DIRECT FROM OUR FACTORY YOUR HEAD

# Hawes

\$3.00

## HATS

500 MERCHANTS SELL THEM! OVER 300,000 MEN WEAR THEM!

You can pay \$5 for a hat and be no better satisfied than with a Hawes for \$3—They are Union Made.

**PROUT & KING,**  
The Spring Styles are Here. Sole Agents.

## Smells Nice Omega Oil



You can tell by the smell of Omega Oil that it is different from any other liniment you ever saw. It has a peculiar and pleasant odor. Besides being the best remedy in the world for stopping pains, it is also the nicest to use. It is not made of turpentine or ammonia, but the body of it is a pure vegetable oil. Into this oil is put four other ingredients, one of which is a green herb that stops pain a good deal on the same principle that a puff of wind blows out a lamp, or water quenches a fire.

Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

### LICKING TOWNSHIP.

Mrs. Reuben Coffman, one of our oldest citizens, who died at her home near Jacksonville Sunday, was buried at Fairmount church Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

Isaac Hawke moved to Newark, last Monday.

We learn that Oliver Davis has employed Harry Griffith for the coming summer.

Dogs raided a flock of sheep belonging to Andrew Beard one night last week and killed two and injured one.

Marion Van Horn will move to Hoboken in the near future.

David Loyd was in Newark last Saturday.

Mad dogs have been killed in this vicinity lately.

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been visiting his brother, W. E. Wallace.

The Modern Woodmen have instituted a camp here. The work was conferred in the town hall.

Margaret Falk entertained a number of her friends last Sunday.

Our high school is progressing nicely under the management of Superintendent Atwell, who is ably assisted by Miss Addie House.

The C. B. L. & N. T. Co. Time Card.

WESTBOUND.

Lv. Newark: 8:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:00, 3:30, 6:30 p. m.

Lv. Hoboken: 6:15, 8:45, 11:15 a. m.; 1:15, 4:15, 6:15 p. m.

Lv. Kierksville: 6:50, 9:00, 11:30 a. m.; 2:00, 4:30, 7:00 p. m.

EASTBOUND.

Lv. Kira: 6:45, 9:15, 11:45 a. m.; 2:15, 4:45, 7:15 p. m.

Lv. Kierksville: 7:00, 9:30 a. m.; 12:00 noon, 2:30, 5:00, 7:30 p. m.

Lv. Hoboken: 7:15, 9:45 a. m.; 12:15, 2:45, 5:15 p. m.

Robert Browning's son denies that the Ventian palace, where his father died, is for sale.

They would with sword and pistols, but to win a maid these days, the knights of old were brave and bold.

ASK Druggist for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm Gives Relief at once. It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold from the head quickly. It absorbs, heals and protects the inflamed membrane, restores the senses of taste and smell. Full size, 50c. Trial Size, 10c. at Druggists everywhere.

The blue birds will soon be here. If you expect to remove see Reese R. Jones. 2-8-dim

These grapes are sour. Old Reuben said. Perhaps they were, who knows? Vanilla Crystals are pure and sweet. Try them, and you will know.

Nine rooms, hard-wood finished house on easy payments. Reese R. Jones. 2-8-dim

Don't forget to list your farm for sale or exchange with us. Reese R. Jones. 2-8-dim

The lands reclaimed by irrigation in California, Colorado and other Western States aggregate 6,000,000 acres.

The new stone viaduct in Lombardburg will be the largest stone arch viaduct in the world. It will have a span of 275 feet.

Twenty persons have taken out insurance policies on the life of a passenger on the line of a passenger line of the Western Union (England) with house, who charges half a crown for the privilege.

### STARKEY SUIT

is Now on at Zanesville—Breach of Promise Charged by Miss Loretta Roberts.

Zanesville, O., Feb. 24.—The suit in which Miss Loretta Roberts formerly a member of the best Zanesville society, sued County Auditor James L. Starkey for breach of promise and \$50,000 damages is on.

The plaintiff alleged that Starkey attempted to assault her in a resort, and that he refused to marry her after the date for their marriage had been several times set.

Starkey's attorneys set up a general denial of the charges and insist that Miss Roberts voluntarily accompanied them to places of doubtful reputation both in Zanesville and Columbus. Miss Roberts' parents are wealthy as is Auditor Starkey.

Nice and no neighborhood hold the record for holiday traffic. The average is 250,000 arrivals in the course of a day.

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# Makes Old Age Vigorous

Paine's Celery Compound the Greatest Nerve Tonic.

Paine's Celery Compound is the greatest nerve tonic ever given to the world. It is particularly effective when the system is gradually wasting away in old age, and when each separate organ is predisposed to degeneration.

Paine's Celery Compound renders a vigorous old age possible. It keeps the nervous system in a normal condition of health; it keeps the digestive organs in perfect condition; it keeps the liver and kidneys active and in perfect health; it nourishes nerve fibres, as well as muscle fibres and other tissues; it keeps the nerve force strong; it aids digestion; it makes rich, pure blood and gives strength and health to those in whom the energies of the human body have begun to wane.

In the treatment of the infirmities common to old age, Paine's Celery Compound is the world's greatest remedy.

William P. Snowden and his family were the first white settlers of the town that is now the city of Omaha. He has had a long and eventful life. His trade was that of a brickmaker. He fought with the army of the North from 1861 to 1864. He had previously seen service in the Mexican War in the forties. He has held many local offices of trust and there is no better known man in Nebraska today.

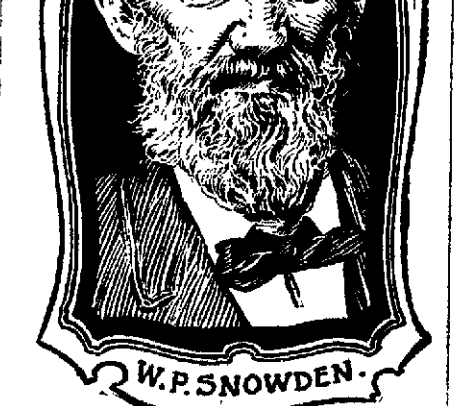
"It gives me great pleasure," he wrote in a letter on Oct. 11 last, "to attest the good qualities of Paine's Celery Compound. I have used it for years, and it has never failed to help me. I have never found it necessary to take any other medicine."

Nothing has ever approached Paine's Celery Compound in its power of building up weakened nerve tissues and giving strength to the tired body. In severe cases of persistent headaches, dyspepsia, neuralgia and sleeplessness, due to nervous debility, Paine's Celery Compound has a record of rapid and lasting cures that embraces every city and town in the wide sweep of the United States.

Mrs. Emyle Hyde Grimell, at the age of 99 years, writes to the proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound: "I can recommend Paine's Celery Compound to every one. It has been my health preserver during the last

few years. Few women, even though much younger than I, enjoy as good health, for my appetite is natural, my sleep refreshing, and I can walk quite a distance without feeling tired. People are surprised at my vigorous appearance and activity, which I believe is the result of my using Paine's Celery Compound. It is a great help to me, and I hope every old person will use it and be saved sickness and suffering."

Give the nerves a chance to recover and the entire body will regain its health and strength. Paine's Celery Compound is nature's food for the nerves.



AMUSEMENTS.

Magician Kellar who is to appear in this city tomorrow night, has an illusion in his entertainment this season that savors strongly of an affinity with that gentleman who is accredited with horns and caudal appendage. He causes the physical body of a pretty girl, locked securely in a huge cage to instantly disappear, and to reappear as suddenly in a remote corner of the theatre and a few seconds later, when she has again been secured in the cage transforms her into a six foot soldier in full regiments. This illusion illustrates a weird Mahatma theory in India, which Kellar will explain during his entertainment. All of his Oriental illusions are equally mysterious and bewildering and all are presented upon a fully lighted stage. His entire program as presented in Boston and other leading cities will be given here at the Auditorium tomorrow night.

Foxy Hubby.

Into the house the good man came. With clothes upon his breath, And up the stairs he softly crept. As one afraid of death.

"What is the time?" his wife cried out. "Tis 12 o'clock," cried he. And right away the cuckoo clock Cuckooed the hour of three. But he was wise. He did not run As some poor husbands would. Instead, with ready thinktank he Cuckooed nine times to make good."

This was a case of the proper thing at the proper time, but he "made good" in a far more satisfactory manner to the wife by escorting her to the theatre a few nights later to see the deliciously funny comedy, "The Girl from Chili," which is headed by those three clever artists, Ethel Bain, Marie Lamour and Frederic Murphy, who wonder if "the dog that speaks with his tail is something of a wag."

Revival Meeting.

The special revival meetings at the First M. E. church began on Sunday. The seating capacity of the church was not sufficient to accommodate the people at either of the services. Last night a good meeting was held. Tonight Rev. Charles E. Chandler, pastor of the Second Street M. E. church of Zanesville, will preach. The services will begin at 7:15. All are invited and made welcome.

An international exhibition of motor boats and motor equipments for sailing vessels is to be held on Lake Wannsee, near Berlin, in June.

Thirty-one Italians have been refused permission to land at Perth, Western Australia on the ground that they came under contract to labor.

Bellevue—The carpenters in this section of the Ohio Valley will get an increase of wages April 1. The wage scale between the contractors and the carpenters has been formally settled. The men have been getting from \$2.50 to \$3 a day, and will be given an increase of 25 per cent.

Columbus—Mrs. Ella Huffman filed an affidavit with the police clerk charging her two children, Adlai and Willie, aged 7 and 9 years, with petty larceny for the alleged theft of 45 cents. Mrs. Huffman complained to the police prosecutor that she cannot control the children and that they steal anything they find loose about the house.

Millions Put to Work.

The wonderful activity of the new century is shown by an enormous demand for the world's best workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. For Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, or any trouble of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys they're unrivaled. Only 25c. at Hall's drug store.

For a light stimulant use Consummation's beer.

The British Administration in India is alarmed by rumors of sedition in Afghanistan.

## NEW PHASE

PUT ON THE CANAL QUESTION BY HOSEA.

Senator from Cincinnati Introduces a Joint Resolution on Proposed Canal Abandonment.

Columbus, O., Feb. 25.—Senator Hosea, of Hamilton county, put a new phase to the canal abandonment project last evening, when he introduced a joint resolution to give the people an opportunity to be heard. He says, in his preamble to the resolution, that the proposed abandonment of the canal system of Ohio involves questions of vast importance to the state and people, and should not be acted upon by the General Assembly without first giving all those whose interests would be directly affected thereby the fullest opportunity to be heard, and that the constantly recurring agitation of this question in each successive session of the General Assembly has discouraged and must continue to discourage all efforts to better the condition and enhance the utility of the said canals, and it is therefore of the highest importance that the status of the canal system should be determined by such open, united and deliberate action as will command public confidence and approval, and practically settle the future policy of the State of Ohio upon the question of retention or abandonment of its public works.

"This question has," according to the resolution, "been brought to an acute stage and any postponement to a future general assembly, besides being detrimental to public and private interests, would be regarded by the people of Ohio as an evasion of a plain duty and present responsibility cast upon this general assembly." Upon so momentous a question it is in the highest degree important that all the facts bearing upon it should be known, and all proper arguments for and against abandonment should be heard and considered by every member of this legislative body, says the resolution, therefore, be it

Resolved, That all action upon the various bills and resolutions now pending, involving directly or indirectly, the main question of retention or abandonment of the canal system of Ohio, or any part thereof, for the time being be deferred; and that a joint session of both branches of the General Assembly, sitting in committee of the whole, be held in the hall of the Representatives, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. of Tuesday, March 17, 1902, for the presentation and consideration of the views and arguments of representatives of the various interests affected throughout the state by the retention or abandonment of the canal system, and for the consideration by said committee of the whole of such facts and arguments as may be presented. That a joint committee of five each, on behalf of the Senate and on behalf of the House, be appointed to arrange for the discussion and consideration of the question, "Shall the canal system of Ohio be retained and improved or abandoned?" That said committee be empowered to invite, on behalf of the General Assembly, the representatives of all manufacturing, commercial and other interests involved in or affected by the retention or abandonment of the canal system of this state, to attend and express their views and to suitably arrange for a proper and full presentation of such facts and arguments upon the issues involved in the said main question.

The friends of the Ohio canals, and particularly of the Miami and Erie canal, are waking up to the fact that a fight is before them. At Cincinnati some day this week a meeting will be held to outline a plan of defense. This will be attended by the money interests affected by the Miami and Erie canal. On Saturday and Sunday the House Finance Committee will be in Cincinnati and while their mission will not be to examine into canal matters, they will give that proposition some attention.

No trouble to show you anything on our list, Reese R. Jones. 2-8djm

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## IF YOU COUGH

You Should be Aware of More Serious Trouble.

We Will Tell You How To Cure That Dangerous Cough.

A cough is not much in itself, but if neglected it is extremely dangerous. We want to advise you to avoid getting coughs, or if you do how to get over them the easiest way.

Nearly always, as you undoubtedly know, a cough is accompanied by fever. Where fever exists the vital life of life is being consumed unnecessarily fast. We are all much the worse after such an attack.

When, then, that cough tears and irritates the delicate membrane of the throat and lungs, and when you have succeeded in healing it, you can again draw on your vitality, but the old scars are there and the next little exposure will bring back the trouble twice as bad as you experienced it before.

We are enthusiastic about Vinol and guarantee its action especially for coughs for it is a great tonic restorative. We do not know of anything better to build one up. There is nothing that will restore lost strength and energy, that will help the system ward off disease like Vinol. In Vinol is contained those active curative principles found in the liver of the cod, and we all know that cod liver oil was valuable for all bronchial and pulmonary troubles. Vinol contains all the curative elements of Cod Liver oil—yet contains no oil and is delicious to the taste. The following letter says:

"I had been suffering with a severe cough and cold for a number of weeks and having heard so much about your Vinol, as being a cure for such troubles, I decided to try a bottle. I have used two bottles and I can truthfully state that I am now entirely cured, and feel in better health than ever before in my life." J. M. Brown, 319 W. Mahanoy St., Mahanoy City, Pa.

We do not wish you to be misled by the fact that Vinol is delicious to take and therefore cannot be efficient. This is not the case. Were it so, we would not be as ready as we are to always refund the price of it to anyone who fails to find it all we claim it to be.

FRANK D. HALL

DRUGGIST.

WOOD AND FLOWER

Growing plants of whatever kind, even weeds, draw oil into themselves the carbonic acid gas and often other injurious gases and give out oxygen in return. So a vibrant lot covered with healthy growing weeds is much better for the public health and certainly is more pleasing to the eye than the bare ground, says a writer in Popular Science Monthly.

Weed investigation has also resulted in a great addition to the known foods for cattle and the discovery of a number of plants that will fertilize the soil. Within recent years a score or more of valuable leguminous plants have been discovered in what were considered weeds, and hardly a year passes that new ones are not added to the list.

There are plants which make food for cattle and which when planted in poor soil improve it by taking from the atmosphere and the deep subsoil things which the surface soil needs. The manner in which they are known to improve poor soil forms a remarkable scientific discovery. Their roots extend into the stiffer and more compact subsoil, where no ordinary plant can reach, and after loosening and opening it up so that air and water can have access upon it suck up from below great quantities of potash salts and phosphoric acid. When these weeds are plowed under or die, these salts and acids are left near the surface, where they can be utilized by the cereals and root crops which live upon them.

For instance, wheat and potatoes flourish well where these weeds have gone before and done the work of getting the necessary food for them from the subsoil and the air.

LIKED IN NEWARK.

The Renown of the Great Author and Physician, Dr. A. W. Chase is Accredited by Newark People.

It's by the words of the people that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills have come into such active demand. The announcements for this medicine are not dependent on the testimony of people so far away that they cannot be authentic. It's home evidence that convinces because easily substantiated. In the simple statement of things done and told in the words of the relieved.

Mr. A. Moore of No. 335 Lyndall St., Newark, Ohio, writes: "I was troubled with sleeplessness and bad attacks of nervous headaches—the kind that leave one weak. I got a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills at Bricker's City Drug Store and have found them just what I needed. I can recommend them to anyone."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 75c. a box at all drug stores or by Dr. A. W. Chase, M. D., 100 Broadway, N. Y.

See that portrait and signatures of Dr. A. W. Chase, M. D., on every package.

All Modern Warships Are Rams.

All modern ships are armed with ramming devices. The modern warship is a rammer. All modern warships are armed with ramming devices. The modern warship is a rammer. All modern warships are armed with ramming devices. The modern warship is a rammer.

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## KIT OR NELL?

Carrot Jim had been up on the range for six months, and when he came down the old Oregon trail with 4,000 cattle he was as thin as a rail and homesick with that awful homesickness which a man feels who hasn't a home. He was in sight of Bryson when his pony went down and, falling on him, fractured his leg. When they got him in town, they took him to the hotel and proceeded to mend him.

"Thought you was just in time to go to the wedding Jim," said some one. "What wedding?" asked Jim, glad to speak and save himself from groaning. "The wedding up at Lee's."

"At Lee's?" cried the sick man, sitting up. "Which girl is going to be married—Kit or Nell?"

"Don't know,"

Carrot Jim got up on his elbow and looked over the crowd.

"What man's here that will do a service for me?" he asked. That it was not a trifling service which he was about to ask was apparent from his manner. His face was strained and white with physical pain, but in his eyes was a look such as physical pain cannot give.

"I guess I'm your man," young Higgins said, coming around from behind the big base burner. "What's the job?"

He was a strapping young Irishman, with round blue eyes, and Carrot Jim got him out of a stampee on the range the year before. Every one had forgotten it except Higgins himself. "It's a little slow," he said apologetically, "so I'll be glad to get out of here. What do you want me to do?"

Carrot Jim saw everything black before him, and his voice as he spoke sounded far off and like the voice of another man, but he managed to say: "Ride to Lee's—now, now, now. Git back before the wedding and let me know whether it's Kit or Nell."

"Well," said young Higgins, "Well?"

"Well," cried Carrot Jim, gesticulating violently with his fingers like a man in the wheat pit, "if it's Nell, come back here and let me know, and I'll set 'em up for the bull crowd, and if it's Kit—why, if it's Kit!"

"Then," said young Higgins, comprehending, "probably you'd rather not see me at all?"

"Don't be a fool, Jim," said the hotel clerk. "If a wedding is on, it can't be stopped. There's a storm comin' up. I wouldn't want anybody I was concerned about goin' far today."

But Carrot Jim turned frantic eyes on young Higgins, and Higgins nodded to Jim and went out.

It was eighteen miles up to Lee's, and the road lay in the open country. It ran in fact the length of a treeless mesa, and the pulverized dust of the highway, poisoned with alkali, was a torture to the nostrils, blinding to the eyes, agonizing to the throat. Higgins got a cayuse, because they have the souls of Indians in them and will go their journey no matter what comes.

By and by there was a yellow whirl of dust all about him, and the little cayuse was blown out of the road, and then suddenly the wind seemed blowing from the heart of Glacier bay, and there was an awful fitness that seemed to freeze his heart and great swirls of yellow sand going up to heaven—splendid moving spirals wonderful to see—and a noise as of great angry waters, though there were no waters.

But the cayuse, mind you, had the soul of an Indian in him and would go to his journey's end, no matter what came. So he put his nose to the ground and stood there with his rigid legs planted firm, and the young Irishman lay flat on the horse's back, and they stuck together like two brave fellows who knew when the fight came and weren't going to run away.

In a few moments the dramatic part was over, the thermometer had fallen 28 degrees, and a northwester was beating on them. Then they took up the road again and pushed on. When they got to Lee's, the horse whinnied, and some one came out and lugged Higgins in to the fire, and after a drink or two he was all right. And then, what with having the cold in his brain and the memory of a pretty victory in his heart—he felt he was a hero and was glad he was alive—he sat up and whooped like an Indian, so that the cayuse out in the stable heard it and lifted its ears as if his old masters were calling him.

For the bride was Nell; it was Nell, with the china blue eyes and the silly yellow hair, and Kit—who had lovely eyes of brown and a brow like a Madonna's, and whom Carrot Jim had been thinking of all those awful solitary nights up on the range—Kit was asking Higgins how he felt and why Carrot Jim hadn't come with him.

They didn't want him to go back that night. They said it was suicidal, but Higgins had his own ideas, and he had read of O'Nagahan, so he got into a squirrel skin coat and kissed the bride and took a stirrup cup and rode away. In his breast was an envelope with a lock of brown hair. It was for Carrot Jim, and Kit had cut it for him with her own hands.

So the Irishman went on shivering and laughing and sweating at the northwest, which he gave permission, to do its deadly worst, for he was a lover by proxy and had a forecast of days when he should be a lover for himself.

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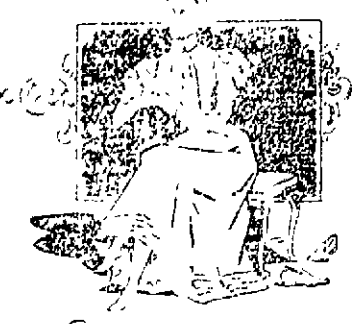
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\$2.50 Women's Shoes at \$1.98

Extra-ordinary Values.



Stirring Reductions.

## SAMPLE SHOE STORE

This is one of the best offers made during our great sale, and there were many good ones. These shoes are beautifully finished, are made on the newest lasts, with extension or light weight soles, and are sure to give satisfaction. They are a good \$2.50 shoe and will be offered during the remainder of our sale at the low price of \$1.98. Call and see them as we know they will interest you.

The Sample Shoe Store

# Removal Sale....

Commencing January 20, J. P. LAMB, the South Side Grocer and Meat Man will offer Special Inducements in

## Groceries and Meats

to reduce his stock before moving to his own store room, No. 242 North Fourth Street.

A Special Discount of 5 per cent. made on all Cash Sales.

All the fixtures will be sold at a low price to close out. Also everything in the SALOON DEPARTMENT will be closed out at, and below cost TO QUIT THAT PART OF THE BUSINESS. Any one wishing a bargain in that line, please call and get prices before too late, as the saloon fixtures and stock must be closed out before moving to the other store room. Come one and all and save money while you have the chance. Remember the place.

J. P. LAMB,

Both Phones No. 16. South Side Square. Prompt Delivery.

## ADVOCATE

3 Lines, 3 Times, 25 Cents.

3 Lines, 3 Times, 25 Cents.

## "WANT" ADS

## Smith's Universal Cough Cure has No Superior

As a remedy for all acute lung affections. It can always be relied upon to cure a severe cold on the lungs if taken in time, because

First—It soothes the membranes of the throat and relieves that tickling and irritation.

Second—It is mildly sedative and its action quiets the nerves and tones down feverish conditions.

Third—Its expectorant properties loosen the phlegm and mucus and aid in its expulsion from the throat and lungs, thereby effecting a permanent cure of the cold.

Be wise. Keep a bottle in your house. 25 and 50 cents.

R. W. SMITH, PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.

## CARD PLAYERS

Unit to Teach Sunday School Xenia Ministers Hold—Action Taken by Pastors

Xenia, O., Feb. 25.—The pastors of the city of Xenia have decided to unite to teach Sunday school.

ADVOCATE AGENCIES.

The Daily Advocate is on sale at Horner & Spurr's Book Store.

F. G. Stearns News-stand.

F. O. Stevens Cigar Store.

Hotel Warden News-stand.

East Side Pharmacy 242 E. Main st.

Thomas Davis Confectioner, 240 E. Main street.

Van Vleet's Grocery 402 N. 4th st.

Prof. Sunderland's Barber shop, 1100 N. 4th st.

### Chronic Colds

CATARH AND COUGH  
CURED BY

## Mull's Grape Tonic

The most agreeable and effective health restorer; made of grapes, fruits and herbs.

Overcomes La Grippe and influenza, dreads ailments by destroying the disease germs. Has a soothing effect upon the throat and lungs, allays inflammation of the mucous membrane, lessens nature's throes, and impurities caused by catarrhal conditions, and acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

**One Dose Benefits One Bottle Convinces.**

All up-to-date druggists carry it or will procure it for—50c per bottle, as large as the ordinary \$1.00 size bottle. Also sent direct upon application by

**THE LIGHTNING MEDICINE CO.,**  
Rock Island, Ill.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism, and all pain. Rub it on or drink it—50c.

**C. T. BRICKER,**  
SOLE AGENT.

## TODAY'S MARKETS.

East Liberty, Feb. 25.—Today's cattle, hogs and sheep are light and steady.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Today's market closed, May wheat 78 1/4; corn 69; oats 42 1/2; pork \$15.52.

### Groceries.

(Corrected by J. M. Browne & Sons.)

Butter, Creamery	25
Butter, Country	22
Eggs	40
Home Mills Flour (1-1)	1 30
Clover Leaf Flour	70 and 1 35
Home Mills Flour (1-2)	67
Gold Medal Flour (1-4)	1 35
Gold Medal Flour (1-8)	70
Roasted Coffee, bulk	15-35
Cream Cheese	12-14
Swiss Cheese	20
Potatoes, per bushel	1 20
Lard	12 1/2
Mackerel	5-10-25
Sugar, lump	8
Sugar, brown	5 1/2
Sugar, granulated	6 1/2
Sugar, A-Coffee	6
Dry Salt Pork	12 1/2

### Today's Local Hay and Grain.

(Corrected by Brown Bros.)

Buying Prices.

Hay—Timothy, new per ton	\$ 9 00
Straw, per ton	4 50
Corn, per bushel	65
Wheat, per bushel	85
Oats, per bushel	50

### Retail Meat Market.

(Corrected by Chas. Metz & Bros.)

Bacon	15
Boiling Meat	6-10
Chuck Roast	10
Pickled Pork	12 1/2
Porterhouse Steak	18
Pork Roast	10 and 12 1/2
Pork Chops	10 and 12 1/2
Pork Sausage	12 1/2
Rib Roast	10-12 1/2
Sliced Ham	20
Whole Ham	14
Boiled Ham	30
Veal Cutlets	15
Round Steak	15
Spring Lamb	10-15
Lard	14
California Hams	9

### MRS. SOFFEL IN PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Kate Soffel, wife of Jail Warden Soffel, in custody of the Allegheny county officials, was brought from Butler county hospital to Pittsburg today. When she arrived she was assisted to a carriage and quickly transferred to the Court House.

Jonesboro, a new village now being laid out at Fort Lee, five miles from Richmond, Va., is to be populated by negroes only. The site consists of 800 acres, cut up into building lots, a park, orchards, grazing lands and small farms for trucking.

### If You Could Look

into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Lung troubles. Cures Cough, and Cures a Day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., 25 West 12th St., for free trial bottle.

**Wells' Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood**

## MILLER TRIAL

CONTINUES WITH DEFENDANT ON THE STAND.

Interest in This Case in Probate Court Continues—Testimony Given by the Doctors Today.

The case of Dr. D. H. Miller has attracted more interest than any case tried in the criminal courts of Lincoln county for a long time, and while the sensational, or morbid do not enter into the trial of the case, there are many elements that tend to arouse the interest of the public.

Last fall an epidemic was prevalent in our city, which some doctors diagnosed as smallpox, while a great many others, probably a majority, were equally positive in saying that the disease was not smallpox; calling it "Chicken pox," "Italian measles," and other names.

During the month of November it was reported that Mrs. Cora M. Miller, wife of Dr. D. H. Miller, one of the reputable physicians of the city had smallpox, and the Board of Health stated an investigation which resulted in the arrest of Dr. Miller on an affidavit sworn to by Health Officer Dr. Day, charging him with willfully failing to report a contagious disease.

After several postponements the case was put on trial last week, Wednesday and has been going on since.

The prosecution attempts to show by witnesses, including physicians, who had seen Mrs. Miller, that she had smallpox, and after partial recovery, these after symptoms were present. Mrs. Probst, Secretary of the State Board of Health, Dr. E. Stephan, C. A. Hatch, A. T. Speer, Mr. Alexander Morris and others were put on the stand and testified that Mrs. Miller had the symptoms of smallpox.

The defense put on the stand character witnesses who testified that Dr. Miller's reputation as a law-abiding citizen was good. Mrs. Miller, the patient and Dr. Miller, the defendant, were also put on the stand, both testifying that the disease from which she suffered was no smallpox. Thus the issue is plainly before the jury.

The prosecution alleges Mrs. Miller had smallpox, the defense that she did not.

At every session there is a large attendance of spectators.

Mrs. Miller, while on the stand, testified that while she knew of the case against her husband and knew of its approaching trial she did not discuss the case with her husband and did not talk to him about the testimony she should give on the stand.

Dr. D. H. Miller, the defendant in the case now on trial before Judge Waldo Taylor and a jury, in the Probate Court, was placed upon the stand this morning and testified in chief was conducted by Judge Hunter, and occupied the entire morning. His testimony was substantially as follows:

I am a physician practicing in Newark and am the husband of Cora M. Miller. My wife was taken sick in November, 1901, with a severe pain in the facial nerve on the left side, which afterwards communicated to the neck, the right side becoming symmetrically affected. A boil then made its appearance on her forehead. I treated her for facial neuralgia and finally brought relief by counter irritants being applied locally. She complained of no chill, fever or constitutional symptoms. I treated her, and she was under my care and observation.

Mr. Smythe objected to this testimony on the grounds that what was done or said between him and his wife, was incompetent, unless it was done or said in the known presence or hearing of a third person. Judge Hunter said that the doctor was testifying to his own acts, and nothing of a confidential nature. The court held that all conversation between witness and his wife must have been in the presence of a third party.

Continuing, the witness said: After my wife recovered there were dark spots appearing on the skin, accompanied by roughness of the skin. I had noticed long before that these spots appeared once a month, her feet would become sore and swollen, and generally speaking the whole body would often be affected. Some times she could hardly walk. These spots would gradually disappear, and the discoloration subside, often just in time for their reappearance. Their color would be from dark red to light

brown. I have never treated a case of smallpox but know the symptoms.

On November 23 my wife was still suffering from facial neuralgia, and a local rash had appeared as a result of the counter irritation. The scalp was smooth; there was some blotches in the palms, which came every month. I have noticed them ever since our marriage. On Saturday, Nov. 23, I saw Dr. Stephan at my office. He told me my wife had been reported as having smallpox, but would not tell the source of his information. He said that he had been ordered by Dr. Day, of the Board of Health, to examine my wife. I told him I did not want him to go to my house, as he had been attending those cases which had been called smallpox, and I did not wish him to expose my family. Dr. Stephan intimated that he heard of my wife having smallpox from some person that my daughter had told that her mother had a rash on her face. I called my daughter by telephone, and was told that she had said this to no one. I had attended Sam Weakley from the 9th of October until the 13th, when I took him to the pesthouse. I came back from the pest house, put my horse up, went to my office, and from there to my home. I did not treat Weakley for a smallpox patient. Stephan said at Weakley's house in my presence, that he could not call it exactly a case of smallpox, but Weakley would have to go to the pest house, as it was the Board of Health's orders.

On November 25, Drs. Stephan and Day called at my office, and Day wanted Stephan to go up and examine my wife. I again objected to Stephan going there and exposing my family. I suggested Hatch, but Day objected to him because of lack of experience, but did not object to Speer. I suggested to call an expert, Dr. Kinsman, of Columbus, and Day proposed Probst. I said I wanted a doctor of more ability than Probst. Day refused to make the examination. I however took Dr. Hatch up to the house that morning, and he and I examined my wife. He said there are no symptoms of smallpox present. I asked Hatch if he would write and sign a certificate to that effect. I went then and got Dr. Speer, and he went up to the house. On the way up I stopped and Dr. Hatch at his office handed me a certificate saying "if that's not solid enough, tell Dr. Day I will make an affidavit."

Dr. Speer went to the office and examined my wife thoroughly. He said to her "You are undoubtedly suffering with facial neuralgia, and this breaking out is nothing uncommon." I explained that the spots in her hands come at the monthly periods, and he said that without this explanation the case would look suspicious. I asked Speer to sign the certificate and he said "cheerfully, there are no symptoms of smallpox." He signed and left.

On Monday night about 10 o'clock, Drs. Day and Stephan came to my house. Dr. Day came to the door and I invited him to come in. He would not but said that the Board of Health had ordered that I permit Dr. Stephan to examine my wife. I refused again for the same reasons as before. Dr. Day said that I could have until 8:30 Tuesday morning to decide the matter, and if I did not let Stephan make the examination I would be subject to a heavy fine. Tuesday morning I telephoned Stephan to come up and examine my wife, and he came about 8:30 o'clock. He examined her face, hands, feet, scalp, arms. He said there were symptoms of smallpox, but all danger had been past for two or three weeks. I told him she had only been sick a little over three weeks. There was no vesicular or pustular eruption, but a papular eruption due to irritation. I asked him what it was and he said it looked like smallpox.

During my wife's sickness the family were in the house, and the children would frequently get in their mother's lap, kiss her and hug her. On the 26th I went to Dr. Day's office and showed him Hatch and Speer's certificate. Day said "That don't amount to anything. We will have to take Dr. Stephan's word."

The house was quarantined, and the card put up some time before noon on November 26, and Dr. Day said it would have to remain up 17 days, as Probst said it was smallpox.

On the afternoon of the 26th I was arrested. I asked Dr. Day to put in the newspapers that it would be safe for me to visit my patients and he said he would. He told me I could treat my wife but could not stay at the house. The next morning, after visiting patients, I went home and found Dr. Probst there, about 11 o'clock. He had on a rubber coat and

rubber cap. He examined my wife and said to me "Doctor there are some symptoms of pre-existing smallpox. It is a shame however, that you are not allowed to stay at home, and I will have the sign taken down at once."

### CROSS EXAMINATION.

Dr. Miller resumed the stand after the noon recess and was cross examined by Mr. Phil Smythe, who asked the witness if he had ever seen a warning sent to the physicians that they would be prosecuted if they did not promptly report to the Board of Health any case of smallpox, or any case having symptoms of the disease. He answered that he had. "The copy was served on me by Daniel Gormley. I made my first visit to Samuel Weakley in October. In my judgment he did not have the smallpox. He had an eruptive disease. I did not visit Mrs. Rufus Stasel, nor do I know her. I never visited a family by the name of Stasel, except Mr. Arnold Stasel. During the time I was attending Samuel Weakley, his brother from Mary Ann township came to my office, and I told him there would be no danger in him seeing his brother. I do not know when he went, and do not know if he ever took the disease, or is now marked with its pits. When my wife was taken sick, it was my opinion that most of the cases in the city were not smallpox, and so I expressed myself that there was no smallpox in the city. I do not remember ever conversing with Mrs. Rufus Stasel, nor ever telling her she could go to see Weakley, nor do I know she ever took smallpox from Weakley. Just before my wife was taken sick I attended one member of the family named Broadhead. I do not know he had smallpox. I do not know he had chickenpox. I do not know that the family went to the pest house. I took Weakley to the pest house, but did not think he had smallpox. Dr. Stephan and I visited Weakley at his home. He was suffering with an eruptive disease. I opened one of the pustules, and some stuck to the point of the knife. I do not remember wiping the knife on my clothes. I went home after disinfecting myself. When my wife was sick I took no precautions because I did not think she had smallpox. I first went to Weakley's October 9th. Dr. Stephan and I went there the 13th. My wife was taken sick November 2. I took Weakley to the pest house in the buggy I use in my general practice. My wife was not in the buggy after Weakley was in it. Mr. Smythe attempted to show that witness had had trouble with the Natural Gas company, recently, but was not allowed.

The spots on the palms of the hand which were raised were due to eczema, those brown, smooth spots came from the menstrual period.

The first conversation I had with any member of the Board of Health about my wife's examination, was in my office with Dr. Day, who said that it was reported to him that my wife had smallpox. I said that it was news to me. I do not know that it was currently reported in the neighborhood that she had smallpox. Dr. Day said he was satisfied to take my statement of the matter.

I suggested that Dr. Kinsman be called from Columbus. Day suggested that Dr. Probst be called, and I said I would like to have a doctor of more ability than Probst. I did not think he (Probst) had the ability to diagnose the case, and do not think he has now. I telephoned to Dr. Kinsman, and recognized his voice. He said that if it was necessary, he would come; but that the Newark Board of Health would take Probst's word, above anyone's else. Kinsman was in Columbus; I called him at his residence. I then made the suggestion to Dr. Day that Dr. Hatch be called, but Day objected to Hatch as, he said, Hatch had no experience with smallpox. I then suggested Dr. A. T. Speer, to whom he made no objections. Day said: "We will see about it later," or something to that effect. I don't remember Day objecting to Dr. Speer. He insisted that Stephan make the examination.

Monday night Drs. Day and Stephan came to my house and Day said the Board of Health insisted that Stephan examine my wife. He refused to come in, and said he would give me until 8:30 Tuesday morning to decide to let Stephan in, or an entrance would be forced, or something to that effect. Dr. Day would not come in.

Mrs. P. L. Owens of Columbus, who has been visiting relatives in the city for the past several days, returned home this morning.

## ABOUT PEOPLE

Items Picked Up Here and There Telling of Your Acquaintances Coming and Going.

Gum numbered and teeth extracted 25 cents. ALBANY DENTISTS, S.S. Square.

R. W. Smith is in Columbus. The infirmity directors were in Ulca today on business.

Henry Clayton of Croton, was in the city on business on business today.

Mrs. Edward Doe and child are visiting friends in Van Wert.

Mrs. J. E. Beiter left for Zanesville this morning.

W. W. Rugg is in Mt. Vernon today.

Mrs. P. Feecey is visiting her aunt on South German street.

Dr. I. H. Robb is in Pataskala today.

Judge Seward made a business trip to Columbus today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Carroll went over to Columbus this morning.

Rev. L. S. Boyce is in Delaware, O., today.

Hogace Oglesby made a business trip to Greenville, O.

A. R. Schaller and E. J. Maurath went over to Columbus this morning.

F. W. Elliott went over to Columbus to attend the meeting of hardware merchants.

Miss Katie Uvington of Steubenville, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Macy Baird of South Sixth street.

John Showman of Cherry Valley returned Monday evening from a week's visit with relatives in McGuffey, Hardin county, Ohio.

Miss Beulah Miller of North Third street was in Granville this afternoon the guest of friends.

Frank Hughes left today for Marion, Ohio, to open a clothing store for Ed. Doe.

Miss Edith Bickel has returned home, after a visit of two weeks in Zanesville.

Mrs. A. F. Crayton and little daughter, Abigail, who have been visiting relatives in Wellsville for some days, have returned home, after having had a very pleasant visit.

Miss Clara Davies and Miss Adkins, with several students of Shepardson College, left on the noon train to attend the Student Volunteer Convention to be held at Toronto, Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Granger of Morgan county, after having visited friends and relatives here for the past two weeks, left for their home this morning.

Miss Grace Wirt of New Lisbon, O., who have been visiting her uncle, Mr. Peter Anderson, at his home several miles southeast of the city for the past week, returned home Tuesday, after having had a very pleasant visit.

Morris Evans of Cedar street, went over to Columbus this morning to attend the funeral of his brother, Evan E. Evans, who died Sunday after a long illness. The funeral takes place tomorrow.

### TILLMAN McLAURIN AFFAIR.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Senators Tillman and McLaurin of South Carolina, were restored to the senate rooms today.

### NEW YACHT

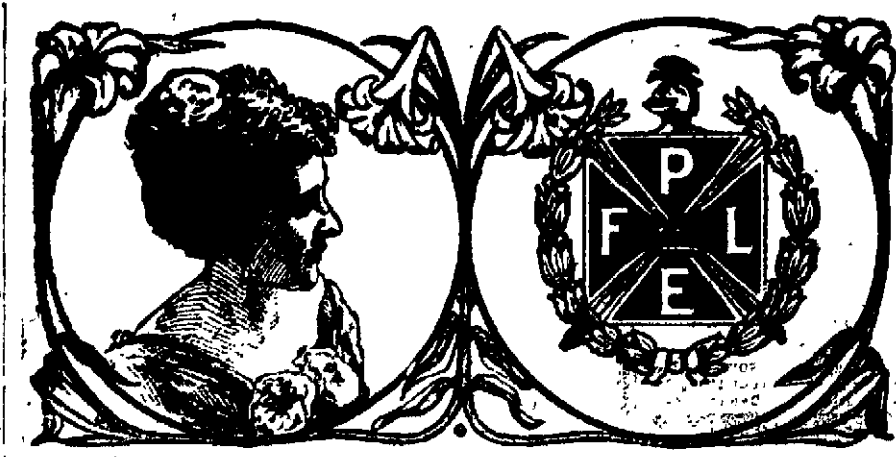
Of Kaiser Wilhelm is Strictly an American Production.

Shooters Island, Feb. 25.—The Emperor's new schooner yacht, Meteor III, which took the water today, may be said to be strictly an American production. She was designed by an American, A. C. Smith, the designer of many fast sailing vessels.

The new yacht will spread nearly as can be figured 11,126 square feet of canvas and from her fine model should be able to make splendid speed and show her heels to any schooner, Frigate or American build. Everything about her is of the most modern pattern and the finest and most expensive materials have been used.

The masts of Oregon pine are beautiful pieces of wood. The mainmast is stepped 68 feet aft of the forward end of the water line, and from deck to cap measures 89 feet. The main topmast is 60 feet over all. The length of the yacht along the base line from tip of bowsprit to stern is 192 feet. Her beam measurement is 27 feet.

Meteor III is practically an enlarged Yampa, now one of the imperial fleet, with the refinements of model and material. The yacht will carry a crew of 24 sailors.



Mrs. Kate Berg, Secretary Ladies' Auxiliary of Knights of Pythias, No. 58, Commercial Hotel, Minneapolis, Minn., After Five Years Suffering Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Whatever virtue there is in medicine seems to be concentrated in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for five years with profuse and painful menstruation until I lost flesh and strength, and life had no charms for me. Only three bottles of your Vegetable Compound cured me. I became regular, without any pains, and hardly know when I am sick. Some of my friends who have used your Compound for uterine and ovarian troubles all have the same good word to say for it, and bless the day they first found it."—MRS. KATE BERG.

**\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.**  
When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

## Mitchell, Van Atta & Co's

### 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

WILL CONTINUE A FEW DAYS ON ALL Heavy Weight Overcoats, Boy's Suits, Underwear, all kinds, Caps, Heavy Gloves, Mittens and Duck Coats.

We Have a Few Good Suits for Men which we will close at a Bargain.

If you can use a Suit at all, you cannot afford to buy elsewhere before you see these.

## Mitchell, Van Atta & Co.

THE PROGRESSIVE CLOTHIERS,

East Side Sq. NEWARK, O.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

# SAPOLIO

THE SICK.  
John McConnell, who has been sick at his home, corner of Webb and Main streets, for the past month with lung trouble, is improving nicely.

PIPE BURST  
And in Consequence Toledo was Without Fuel Gas Last Night—Break at Lancaster.  
Lancaster, O., Feb. 25.—Toledo, O., was without fuel gas last night, owing to a serious blowout near the place. An uncovered ten inch line, 100 feet long, separated with a loud report, and several yards of earth were torn up. The noise was heard a great distance.

THE NORTHWESTERN GAS COMPANY had a gang working all night mending the break. The men worked in the dark as they were afraid to have any fire about. The line supplied Toledo with gas.

MARRIED—Mr. J. O. Anderson and Miss Annie Boswell were married at the home of Rev. M. W. Acton on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

### Cheap Colonist Rates to the Northwest.

To Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Northwest Wyoming the Burlington Route will sell very cheap tickets every day during March and April from Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis.

If you want to get there in quick time, comfortably, yet with the least expense, ask your ticket agent about our chair car and tourist sleeping car service, or write me for our latest folder, which tells all about it. P. S. Enstis, General Passenger Agent, C. & N. W. Ry., Chicago 2-217420

## E. Wilson

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets. The remedy that cures a cold in one day.



